A

Pocket Conspectus

OF THE

NEW LONDON AND EDINBURGH

PHARMACOPŒIAS:

Wherein the VIRTUES, USES, and DOSES, of the ſeveral ARTICLES and PREPARATIONS contained in thoſe Works, are conciſely ſtated, their PRONUNCIATION as to Quantity is diſtinctly marked, and a Variety of other Particulars reſpecting them given, calculated more eſpecially for the Uſe of junior Practitioners.

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his utere mecum.

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TO

SIR GEORGE BAKER, BART.

PHYSICIAN IN ORDINARY TO THEIR

MAJESTIES;

PRESIDENT OF THE ROYAL COLLEGE

OF PHYSICIANS,

FELLOW OF THE ROYAL SOCIETY,

OF THE

SOCIETY OF ANTIQUARIANS, IN LONDON;

AND

HONORARY FELLOW OF THE ROYAL COLLEGE

OF PHYSICIANS OF EDINBURGH;

&c. &c.

SIR,

THOUGH it muſt needs be no ſmall recommendation to this work, to obſerve, that it has received the honour of your approbation; yet, believe me, I am equally happy in an opportunity of thus paying a ſincere, though ſlender, tribute

tribute to thoſe ſuperior profeſſional abilities and elegant literary accompliſhments, which ſo particularly diſtinguiſh your character.

With great reſpect,

I remain, SIR,

Your moſt obedient and

obliged humble Servant,

R. GRAVES.

PREFACE.

HAVING frequently experienced, in my early practice, the want of a publication like the preſent, it is natural to ſuppoſe there are many others, who muſt ſometimes feel a ſimilar inconvenience or diſadvantage. To ſuch medical practitioners, then, this little manual is chiefly offered; and to ſuch, I truſt, it will not prove altogether unacceptable. It may ſerve at leaſt, often, to ſupply the exigencies of the moment, and may even ſave, on ſome occaſions, the trouble of referring to larger works.

It will be perceived, that I have followed the example of Dr. Latham, in marking the proper and eſtabliſhed meaſure of ſeveral words. This, it is obvious, has not been done without reaſon, ſince the pronunciation of ſome even of our moſt common technical terms is ſometimes, either from ignorance or cuſtom, barbarouſly perverted.

That I ſtand entitled equally to indulgence, in having alſo ſubjoined to a number of words their reſpective genders and genitive caſes, may, indeed, be doubted. To the young phyſician, however, who happens, as yet, to be familiar with but few of

of the ſeveral medicinal ſubſtances employed, thoſe additions cannot fail of being acceptable; eſpecially when he conſiders the timely aid, which, on certain occaſions, they may be found capable of affording.

With regard to the doſes of medicines, it is proper to remark, that they are meant for adults where the contrary is not particularly expreſſed. Hence for children a reduction of the quantity ſpecified will be neceſſary, proportioned to their different ages; to which, perhaps, ſome practitioners may find themſelves inadequate, without ſome general rule or principle to direct their calculation. For the uſe of ſuch, therefore, a ſuitable table has been drawn up, and prefixed to this work, as will be immediately hereafter ſeen. But this, it is to be underſtood, is intended only to ſupply the deficiency now mentioned; the circumſtances attending diſeaſes being often ſuch as will render deviations requiſite, for which no ſufficient rules can conveniently be given, and which therefore muſt be left to the ſkill, judgment, and obſervation of the preſcriber.

DORCHESTER,
March 25, 1796.

THE following TABLE is deſigned to ſhew the doſes of medicines proper for perſons of different ages: thus ſuppoſe one dram of any medicine a ſufficient doſe for an adult, that is, for one of twenty-one years of age, then other ages will require as follow.

Ages.	Common Doſe ʒ j.	Proportionate Doſes.
Weeks 7	- - - - $\frac{1}{15}$	- - Gr. iv.
Months 7	- - - - $\frac{1}{12}$	- - Gr. v.
14	- - - - $\frac{1}{8}$	- - Gr. vijſs.
28	- - - - $\frac{1}{5}$	- - Gr. xij.
Years $3\frac{1}{2}$	- - - - $\frac{1}{4}$	- - Gr. xv.
5	- - - - $\frac{1}{3}$	- - ℈j.
7	- - - - $\frac{1}{2}$	- - ʒſs.
14	- - - - $\frac{2}{3}$	- - ℈ij.
21	Common Doſe	- - ʒj.
63	- - - - $\frac{11}{12}$	- - Gr. lv.
77	- - - - $\frac{5}{6}$	- - ℈ijſs.
100	- - - - $\frac{4}{6}$	- - ℈ij.

EXPLANATIONS.

1. Thoſe articles and preparations, to which the Italic capital *L.* is ſubjoined, are inſerted in the London pharmacopeia, but not in the Edinburgh; thoſe, to which *E.* is ſubjoined, are to be found in the Edinburgh pharmacopeia, but not in the London; and ſuch as have no diſtinguiſhing mark, though taken from the pharmacopeia of the London college, may be conſidered as common to both.

2. The ſmall Roman letters, encloſed within a parentheſis, denote the gender and genitive caſe of the word immediately preceding.

3. The Italic capital *P.* annexed to ſome of the fluid ingredients in the officinal compoſitions, ſignifies, that the quantities of ſuch fluid articles are ordered to be adjuſted by weight, after the ſame manner as ſolids, and not by meaſure, as is the caſe of fluids in other inſtances.

ERRATA.

Page 17, line 15, for *explicatæ* read *explicati*.
—— 30, —— 21, for *tophes* read *tophs*.

A

POCKET CONSPECTUS &c.

ABRŎTŎNUM, (i, n.) *folium*. Southernwood. Tonic, ſlightly aromatic, ℈j ad ʒj, bis terve die. In infuſion ʒj to water ℔j. In clyſters vermifuge.

ABSINTHĬUM (ĭi, n.) MARĬTĬMUM, *cacūmen*. Sea wormwood. *L*. Tonic, ſtomachic, ℈j ad ʒj. See *Cons*. Externally in fomentations diſcutient. See *Decoct*. In ſtrength this is much inferior to common wormwood.

ABSINTHĬUM VULGĀRE, *herba*. Common wormwood. Tonic, ſtomachic, ℈j ad ℈ij. In infuſion ʒvj to water ℔j. In clyſters vermifuge. In fomentations diſcutient, antiſeptic.

ACETŌSA (æ, f.) PRATENSIS, *folium*. Meadow-ſorrel. Cooling, reſtringent, juice ℥j ad ℥ij, bis terve die.

ACĒTUM, (i, n.) Vinegar. Cooling, antiſeptic, diaphoretic; in bilious fevers, ſingultus, &c. ʒj ad ℥ſs. See *Syr*. Externally cooling, aſtringent. Vinegar, proof ſpir. each ℔ſs, alum ʒij, form a good

 application

application for chilblains, and for certain diſeaſes of the knee and other joints.

ACĒTUM AROMATĬCUM. *E. (Roriſmarini, ſalviæ, ſing.* ʒij; *lavendulæ* ʒj; *caryoph. aromat.* ʒj; *aceti vini, p.* ℔iv. Macerate four days, and filter the expreſſed liquor thro' paper.) Antiſeptic.—This is an elegant improvement of what has been long known under the name of *Thieves Vinegar.*

ACĒTUM DISTILLĀTUM. Virtues as common vinegar.

ACĒTUM SCILLÆ. *(Scill. recens exſic.* ʒj; *aceti* ʒj; *ſpir. vin. ten.* ʒ⅔.) Attenuant, expectorant, diuretic, gt. xv ad gt. lx.

ACĬDUM ACETŌSUM. *L.* Antiſeptic, &c. ℈j ad ʒj. This is radical vinegar as it is called, and is often uſed for ſmelling to in faintings.

ACĬDUM MURIĀTĬCUM. Stimulant, corroborant, antiſeptic, diuretic, gt. x ad gt. xl, properly diluted. Alſo to acidulate gargles, gt. xxx in ℔ſs; and by way of injection, gt. viij to water ʒiv, in caſes of gonorrhœa where the ſcalding of the urine proves troubleſome. Common ſalt ʒſs, water ʒiv, muriatic acid ʒij,—of this a tea-ſpoonful or two taken in a glaſs of water, Dr. Cullen ſays he has found uſeful in improving appetite, and frequently in ſtopping vomiting.

ACĬDUM NITRŌSUM. Tonic, diuretic, gt. v ad gt. xx, largely diluted.

ACĬDUM NITRŌSUM DILŪTUM. *(Acidi nitroſi, aquæ diſt. ſing. p.* ℔j.) Virtues as the former; but has little more than a third its ſtrength.

ACĬDUM

Acĭdum vitrĭŏli aromatĭcum. *E. (Spir. vin. rect.* p. ℔ij; *acidi vitriolici*, p. ℥vj; *cinnamomi* ℥ij*s*; *zingiberis* ℥j. Drop the acid gradually into the ſpirit, and digeſt the mixture with a very gentle heat, in a cloſe veſſel, three days, then add the cinnamon and ginger; digeſt again ſix days, and filter thro' paper placed in a glaſs funnel.) Stimulant, ſtomachic, gt. xv ad gt. xl, or more.

Acĭdum vitrĭolĭcum. In the cure of the itch, Dr. Duncan has employed of late hog's lard ℥j, mixed with vitriolic acid ʒſs, in lieu of ſulphur.

Acĭdum vitrĭolĭcum dilūtum. *(Acidi vitriol.* p. ℥j; *aquæ diſt.* p. ℥viij.) Cooling, aſtringent, ſtomachic, gt. xv ad gt. xxx, or more. In chronic eruptions ʒſs ad ʒiij, or more, ter die, largely diluted in barley decoction, thick gruel, or the like. Alſo in colliquative ſweats it has been given to a great extent. In gargles aſtringent, antiſeptic, gt. xxx ad gt. xl, or more, in ℔ſs.

Aconītum, (i, n.) *herba*. Blue wolf's-bane. Anodyne, ſudorific, acrid, deobſtruent; in chronic rheumatiſm, ſcrophulous ſwellings, venereal nodes, amauroſis, &c. in powder gr. ſs ad gr. v, or more, bis die; or, tincture made with dried leaves one part to ſix of proof ſpir. doſe gt. v gradually increaſed to gt. xl, or more. See *Succus*.

Ærūgo (gĭnis, f.) præpărāta. Verdigriſe. Alterative, tonic, gr. $\frac{1}{8}$ ad gr. $\frac{1}{2}$. Externally detergent, eſcharotic. See *Oxym. & Ung*.

Æther (ĕris, m.) vitrĭolĭcus. Stimulant, antiſpaſmodic, gt. xx ad ʒij. Alſo externally againſt

pains of the head, teeth, &c. with or without camphor, which commonly makes it more effectual.

Agarĭcus, (i, m.) Agaric of the oak. *E.* Externally to ſtop hæmorrhages. Before being applied, the internal ſoft part is to be beaten, till it can be eaſily torn with the fingers.

Alkŏhol, (lis, n.) Stimulant, &c. ʒſs ad ʒj, or more. The ſpecific gravity of alkohol is to that of diſtilled water as ,815 to 1.

Allĭum, (ĭi, n.) *radix.* Garlick. Stimulant, expectorant, diuretic; in cold leucophlegmatic habits ʒj ad ʒij, or cloves ij ad vj dipped in oil, bis terve die. Externally applied, it inflames and often exulcerates the part.

Alŏë (es, f.) barbadensis, *ſuccus ſpiſſatus.* Barbadoes aloes. Seldom employed; yet Dr. Cullen doubts whether in quality it is any way inferior to the ſocotrine. It contains, indeed, more reſin than the ſocotrine, and leſs gum, in which, it is ſaid, the purgative virtue of aloes reſides; hence it ſhould ſeem preferable where but little ſtimulus is required, and for external purpoſes.

Alŏë (es, f.) socotorīna, *ſuccus ſpiſſatus.* Cathartic, anthelmintic, gr. x ad ϑj. Laxative, emmenagogue, ſtomachic, gr. ij. ad gr. v, bis die. See *Pil. Pulv. Tinct. & Vinum.*

Althæa, (æ, f.) *radix, folium.* Marſhmallow. Obtunding, emollient. See *Decoct. & Syr.*

Alūmen (ĭnis, n.) purificātum. Tonic, aſtringent; in hæmorrhages, colica pictonum, chronic pains

pains of the bowels, enureſis, &c. gr. x ad ℈j. See *Pulv.* To make alum whey, put ʒij of alum to boiling milk ℔j. Alum ℈j, roſe water ʒv, form a good aſtringent collyrium. A ſtronger ſolution of alum, as ʒj to water ʒiv, is ſometimes employed as a diſcutient, and alſo with a view of checking the progreſs of external inflammation.

Alūmen ustum. Externally to deſtroy fungous fleſh. Joined with an equal quantity of red nitrated mercury, it forms the *Pulvis angelicus* of the late Mr. Sharp; which, it is ſaid, poſſeſſes powers, as an eſcharotic, ſuperior to either of thoſe ſubſtances ſeparately. Burnt alum differs only from common alum in having the water expelled from it.

Ammonĭa præpărāta. *(Olim, Sal vol. ſal. amm.)* Antacid, attenuant, ſtimulant, diaphoretic, antiſpaſmodic, gr. v ad gr. xv, or more, ſheathed in ſome oleaginous fluid. Though prepared ammonia may be made to ſerve as an uniting medium between oil and water, and is thus uſually given, yet in conſequence of the large portion of carbonic acid combined with it, it by no means produces ſo perfect an union as ſtrict neatneſs requires. When this, therefore, ſhould make a part of the preſcriber's intention, a preferable method will be to form an emulſion, by ſhaking with the oil and water four or five drops of water of pure ammonia, before adding the ſalt.

Ammōniăcum purificātum, *gummi-rĕsīna.* Acrid, deobſtruent, expectorant, antiſpaſmodic, gr. x ad ʒſs. See *Lac.* Externally diſcutient, reſolvent. See *Emplaſtrum.*

AMYGDĂLA AMĀRA, & DULCIS, *nŭclĕus*. Bitter almond ſedative, diuretic; ſweet almond demulcent. See *Lac, & Oleum*.

AMŸLUM, (i, n.) Starch. Demulcent, ʒſs ad ʒij. See *Mucil. & Troch.*

ANCHŪSA, (æ, f.) *radix*. Alkanet. *E.* Aſtringent. Uſed chiefly in colouring oils, unguents, and plaſters.

ANĒTHUM, (i, n.) *ſemen*. Dill. Stimulant, carminative; in hiccups, &c. ℈j ad ʒj, in infuſion ʒj ad ʒij. See *Aqua*.

ANGELĬCA, (æ, f.) *radix, caulis, folium, ſemen*. Stimulant, ſtomachic, ʒſs ad ʒiſs. Root and ſtalk ſialogogue.

ANGELĬCA SYLVESTRIS, *radix*. *E.* This differs from the former only in being much weaker.

ANGUSTŪRA, (æ, f.) *cortex*. *E.* Tonic, ſtomachic, gr. v ad ℈j. Externally antiſeptic.

ANĪSUM, (i, n.) *ſemen*. Aniſe. Stimulant, carminative, gr. xv ad ʒſs, or more. See *Ol. & Spiritus*.

ANTIMONĬUM CALCINĀTUM. (*Olim, Calx antim.*) Alterative, diaphoretic, gr. x ad ʒſs, bis terve die.

ANTIMONĬUM MURIĀTUM. (*Olim, Cauſt. antimoniāle.*)

ANTIMONĬUM PRÆPĂRĀTUM. Alterative, diaphoretic, gr. xv ad ℈ij, bis terve die.

ANTIMONĬUM TARTĂRISĀTUM. (*Olim, Tart. emet.*) Emetic; gr. j ad gr. iv. Alterative, diaphoretic, gr. $\frac{1}{8}$ ad gr. $\frac{1}{4}$. Given in nauſeating doſes, it ſerves alſo as an uſeful

uſeful expectorant in pneumonic inflammations. See *Vinum*.

ANTIMONĬUM VITRIFACTUM. Emetic, gr. ¼ ad gr. iſs. See *Vitrum*.

AQUA ALUMĬNIS COMPOSĬTA. *L. (Alum. zinci vitriol. ſing. ʒſs; aq. diſt. ℥iv.)* Externally detergent, healing. Uſeful as a collyrium properly diluted, and as an injection in fluor albus when unaccompanied with virulence.

AQUA AMMONĬÆ. *(Olim, Spir. ſal. amm.)* Stimulant, attenuant, antiſpaſmodic, gt. xx to ʒj, or more. In gargles attenuant, detergent, ʒiſs ad ʒiij in ſome ſuitable liquid ℔ſs.

AQUA AMMONĬÆ ACETĀTÆ. *(Olim, Spir. Mind.)* Attenuant, diaphoretic, ʒij ad ʒvj. Alſo externally to inflamed milk breaſts. Joined with an equal quantity of water, it forms an excellent collyrium for inflamed eyes, where there is a high degree of irritation and pain; and when further diluted with thrice its bulk of water, it ſerves likewiſe as an uſeful injection in the inflammatory ſtage of gonorrhœa.

AQUA AMMONĬÆ PURÆ. (*Olim, Spir. ſal. amm. cum calce.*) Often uſed to ſtimulate the noſtrils in fainting fits. The cauſtic volatile alkali has of late been found an efficacious ſtyptic both to ſmall and larger veſſels, combined with a triple proportion of water. See *Linimentum*.

AQUA CALCIS. *(Calcis ℔ſs; aq. diſt. ferventis ℔xij.* Mix, and after ſtanding an hour, in a covered veſſel, decant off the clear.) Aſtringent, antacid; in fluor albus, diabetes, colliquative ſweats, &c. ℥iv ad ℔j,

or more, partitis hauſtibus, daily, with or without a fifth of milk, which renders it much leſs diſagreeable to the taſte. Alſo externally to aphthæ, ulcers, &c. See *Linimentum*.

AQUA CUPRI AMMONIĀTI. (*Olim, Aq. ſapphīrĭna.*) Aſtringent, gt. v ad gt. xxx. Externally detergent. For ſpecks and films of the cornea gt. ij or iij are ordered to be inſtilled into the eye; but a better method of applying it, is by means of a pencil bruſh.

AQUA CUPRI VITRĬOLĀTI COMPOSĬTA. *E. (Cupri vitriolati, aluminis, ſing.* ℥ſs; *aquæ,* P. ℥iv; *acidi vitriolici,* P. ʒij. Boil the ſalts in the water, until they are diſſolved; then filter the liquor, and add the acid.) Externally to ſtop hæmorrhages at the noſe, or other parts.

AQUA KALI PRÆPĂRĀTI. (*Olim, Lix. tartări.*) *L.* Antacid, diuretic, gt. xv ad ʒj, or more, bis terve die. This contains about one part of alkaline ſalt to three of water.

AQUA KALI PURI. (*Olim, Lix. ſaponārĭum.*) Diuretic, lithontriptic, gt. x ad gt. l, bis die, enveloped in veal broth, or the like. Diluted with tepid water, in the proportion of gt. iij or iv to ℥ij, and applied by means of an eye-tumbler for the ſpace of a minute, or more, at a time, it ſerves likewiſe as an efficacious detergent in xerophthalmia. The ley obtained from the ſoapboilers is much ſtronger than this preparation.

AQUA LITHARGŸRI ACETĀTI. (*Olim, Extr. Satūrni.*) *L.* Externally cooling, aſtringent, diſcutient, properly diluted. *Vide Cerat. & ſequentem.*

AQUA

AQUA LITHARGŸRI ACETĀTI COMPOSĬTA. *L. (Aq. litharg. acet. p. ʒj; aq. dist. ℔j; spir. vin. ten. ʒj.)* Externally sedative, astringent, &c. Made into a poultice with the crumbs of bread, it is sometimes applied in cases of local inflammation, and to improve the state of unhealthy sores.

AQUA ROSÆ. As a perfume; in lotions, collyria, &c.

AQUA ZINCI VITRĬOLĀTI. *E. (Zinci vitriolati gr. x; aquæ, p. ʒv; acidi vitriolici diluti gt. x.* Dissolve the vitriol in the water; then add the acid, and filtre through paper.) Externally cooling, astringent to inflamed or watery eyes.

AQUA ZINCI VITRĬOLĀTI CUM CAMPHŎRA. *L. (Zinci vitriol. ʒss; aq. dist. ʒiv; spir. camph. ʒss.)* Externally astringent; to scorbutic and phagedænic ulcers, and as a collyrium properly diluted.

AQUÆ DISTILLATÆ. AQUA ANĒTHI,—CINNAMŌMI,—CORTĬCIS AURANTIŌRUM, *E.*—CORTĬCIS CASSĬÆ LIGNĔÆ, *E.*—CORTĬCIS LIMŌNUM, *E.*—FŒNĬCŬLI, *L.*—MENTHÆ PIPERITĬDIS,—MENTHÆ SATĪVÆ,—PIMENTO,—PULEGĬI. Of these severally ʒj ad ʒiij, or more.

ARABĬCUM GUMMI. Demulcent, ʒss ad ʒiss; in decoctions ad libitum. See *Emuls. & Mucilago.*

ARGENTUM NITRĀTUM. *(Olim, Caust. lunare.)* Anti-epileptic, gr. $\frac{1}{20}$ gradually increased to gr. $\frac{1}{8}$, in a state of solution, ter die. Also externally to venereal and other ulcers, diluted in the proportion of gr. xv or ℈j to water ʒss, when it is best applied by means

means of a bit of lint fixed at the end of a probe, or a pencil brush.

ARISTŎLŎCHĪA (æ, f.) TENUIS, *radix*. Slender birthwort. *E.* Stimulant, aromatic, tonic, emmenagogue; in chlorosis, retained menses, &c. ℈j ad ʒj, or more, bis terve die.

ARNĬCA, (æ, f.) *herba, flos, radix*. Leopard's-bane. Acrid, stimulant, diaphoretic; in paralytic and other disorders, in decoction or infusion ʒj ad ℥ss, daily, in powder gr. v ad ℈j pro dosi. As this medicine is apt sometimes violently to affect the stomach, it is prudent to begin with small doses.

ARSENĬCUM, (i, n.) *E.* Tonic; in intermittents, periodic headachs, &c. The following is the solution recommended by Dr. Fowler. Take arsenic in powder, prepared kali, each gr. lxiv, boil them gently in a Florence flask, or other glass vessel, with distilled water ℔ss, until the arsenic is dissolved; to this solution when cold, add comp. spir. of lavender ℥ss, and as much water as will the whole equal to a pint, or ℥xvss in weight.

Dose to patients from 2 years old to 4, gt. ij or iij ad v,
from 5 ——— to 7, gt. v ad vij,
from 8 ——— to 12, gt. vij ad x,
from 13——— to 18, gt. x ad xij,
from 18 and upwards, gt. xij.

These doses he directs to be repeated once in 8 or 12 hours, diluted in thick gruel, or barley decoction. As arsenic, however, when given to the above extent, is apt to excite uneasiness in the stomach and bowels, it may be advisable in general to employ it, in

in doſes perhaps a third leſs than thoſe here recommended. Externally eſcharotic; againſt cancerous ſores of the cheeks, noſe, &c. in a ſtate of ſolution, or in powder, once or twice a day, mixed in the proportion of one part to 30 or 40 of ſome other ſubſtance, ſuch as the dried leaves of henbane, or the deadly nightſhade.

ARTĔMĬSĬA, (æ, f.) *folia*. Mugwort. *E*. Tonic, emmenagogue; in amenorrhœa, &c. ℈j ad ʒj, in decoction or infuſion ʒj ad ʒij, bis terve die.

ARUM, (i, n.) *radix recens*. Wakerobin. Acrid, ſtimulant, attenuant, diuretic; in palſy, chronic rheumatiſm, &c. gr. vj ad ℈j, or more, bis, ter, quaterve die, made into an emulſion with an equal weight of gum Arab. and half the quantity of ſpermaceti. Aſſociated with alcalines or abſorbents, it has been found alſo of ſingular ſervice in ſome obſtinate caſes of cephalœa. See *Conſerva*.

ASA FŒTĬDA PURIFICĀTA, *gummi-rĕsīna*. Stimulant, antiſpaſmodic, expectorant, emmenagogue, gr. x ad ℈ij, bis terve die. See *Tinct*. In clyſter laxative, ʒj ad ʒij diſſolved in gruel ℥xij, in hyſteric colics. Externally, ſee *Empl*.

ASĂRUM, (i, n.) *folium*. Aſarabacca. Errhine, gr. ij ad gr. v, every night at bed time. See *Pulvis*.

ATRĬPLEX (ĭcis, f.) FŒTĬDA, *herba*. Stinking orach. *E*. Antiſpaſmodic; in hyſteric affections, &c. in infuſion, tincture, or made into a conſerve ʒj ad ʒij, bis terve die. As this herb in drying loſes much of its ſenſible qualities, it ſhould, if poſſible, be uſed only in its freſh ſtate.

AURANTĬUM

AURANTĬUM (ĭi, n.) HISPALENSE, *folium, flos; fructus ſuccus, et cortex exterior.* Seville orange. Leaf and flower antiſpaſmodic; in epilepſy &c. gr. x ad ʒj, ter die. Outer rind of the fruit carminative, ſtomachic, ʒſs ad ℈ij, bis terve die. See *Aq. Conſ. Syr. & Tinct.*

AVĒNA, (æ, f.) *ſemen.* Oat. In decoction nutritive, emollient. Dry oatmeal externally is uſeful to parts affected with eryſipelatous inflammation.—Joined with a ſtrong infuſion of malt, and a ſpoonful of yeſt, it conſtitutes the effervescent poultice ſo highly efficacious to mortified parts.—Formed into a poultice with vinegar and applied cold, it is employed alſo againſt ſprains and bruiſes, and to ſtop the progreſs of ſcrophulous enlargements of the bones.

BALSĂMUM CANADENSE. Stimulant, balſamic, diuretic, detergent, ℈j ad ʒiſs, bis terve die.

BALSĂMUM COPAIVA. Stimulant, balſamic, diuretic, gr. xv ad ʒſs, bis die. Laxative, diuretic; in caſes of piles, &c. ʒſs ad ʒi, or more, ſemel aut bis die. Balſ. of Copaiva ʒij, mucil. of gum Arab. ʒſs, lime water ℥iv, form a good aſtringent injection for gleets, and fluor albus.

BALSAMUM GILĔADENSE. *E.* Stimulant, balſamic, ℈j ad ʒj, bis terve die.

BALSĂMUM PERUVIĀNUM. Stimulant, attenuant; in nervous complaints, palſies, gleets, aſthmas, &c. gr. v ad ʒſs, or more, bis terve die. See *Tinct.* Alſo externally to languid painful ulcers. United with a triple proportion of ox gall, Dr. Hugh Smith uſed

uſed to recommend it to be occaſionally dropped into the ear, where a conſtant diſcharge of fetid matter indicated a diſeaſed ſtate of the ſecretions. This balſam is conſiderably warmer, and more acrid than balſ. of Copaiva.

Balsămum tolutānum. Stimulant, corroborant, expectorant; in coughs, gleets, ſeminal weakneſſes, &c. gr. xv ad ℈ij, bis terve die. See *Syr.* & *Tinct.*

Bardāna, (æ, f.) *radix*. Burdock. Aperient, diuretic, ſudorific; againſt chronic aphthæ, gouty, rheumatic and other diſorders, in decoction ℥ij boiled in water ℔ſs ad ℔j, daily.

Barȳtes, (ētis, f.) Ponderous earth. *E.* A watery ſolution of this earth ſaturated with muriatic acid, and known under the title of *Barytes muriata*, or *Terra ponderoſa ſalita*, has of late been recommended in ſcrophula, indurations of the proſtate gland, chronic pains in the ſtomach, &c. doſe, gt. v ad gt. x, or more, bis terve die, in ſome diſtilled water.—This compound, ſays Dr. Crawford, combines the qualities of a tonic, diuretic, and deobſtruent.

Beccabunga, (æ, f.) *herba*. Brooklime. *I.* Saponaceous, detergent, juice ℥ij ad ℥iv, daily.

Belladonna, (æ, f.) *folia*. Deadly nightſhade. *E.* Narcotic, diaphoretic, diuretic, reſolvent; in cancers, ſchirrus, mania, epilepſy, &c. in infuſion gr. ſs ad gr. v, or more, bis die. See *Suc.* From the uncertain operation of this medicine, it is prudent to begin with very ſmall doſes, and to increaſe them

them gradually according to their effects. Alſo externally againſt cancer, ſchirrus, &c.

Benzŏë, (es, f.) *rĕsĭna*. Benjamin. See *Flor. & Tinct.*

Bistorta, (æ, f.) *radix*. Snakeweed. Strongly aſtringent, gr. xv ad ʒj, ter die.

Bolus (i, m.) gallĭcus. French bole. *L.* Antacid, abſorbent, ℈j ad ʒj.

Borax, (ācis, f.) Deobſtruent, diuretic, detergent, gr. x ad ʒſs, bis terve die. In gargles detergent where viſcid ſaliva abounds: alſo to aphthæ in the proportion of one part to 6, 8, or 10 of *Mel deſpumatum*, or *Mucilago ſem. cydonii mali*.

Bryōnĭa, (æ, f.) *radix*. White bryony. *E.* Acrid, ſtrongly cathartic; in dropſy, mania, &c. ℈j ad ʒj. Attenuant, diuretic, deobſtruent; in dropſy, &c. gr. iij ad gr. x, bis terve die. An aqueous or vinous extract of this root acts both more mildly and with greater ſafety, taken in the quantity of from ʒſs to ʒj. In poultice freſh root diſcutient, reſolvent; thus it is uſed againſt iſchiadic and other rheumatic pains.

Cajeputa, (æ, f.) *oleum*. *E.* Cajeput. Stimulant, antiſpaſmodic, ſudorific; in tympanitic and various nervous affections, gt. iij ad gt. xij in wine, or on ſugar, ter quaterve die. Alſo externally againſt palſy, pain and weakneſs from ſprains, bruiſes, rheumatiſm, &c.

Cálămus (i, m.) aromatĭcus, *radix*. Sweet-ſcented flag. Stimulant, aromatic, ſtomachic, gr. xv ad ℈ij, or more, bis terve die.

Calomĕlas, (ănos, m.) Alterative, antivenereal, vermifuge,

vermifuge, deobſtruent, gr. j ad gr. v, daily. Cathartic, gr. v ad gr. xij.

Calx, (cis, f.) Quicklime. See *Aqua*.

Calx hydrargyri alba. *(Olim, Merc. præcip. alb.)* Externally detergent; againſt cutaneous foulneſſes, pediculi, &c. See *Ung*. White calx of mercury, water of acetated litharge, each ʒi, yellow wax ʒij, ointment of hog's lard ℔j, compoſe an efficacious application for ſoreneſs and inflammation of the eyelids, for old ulcers, tinea, and other cutaneous eruptions.—To the ointment of hog's lard and wax gently melted, add the white calx of mercury and water of acetated litharge previouſly rubbed together, then ſtir the mixture conſtantly till it is cold.

Calx cum kali puro. *(Olim, Cauſt. com. fort.)*

Camphŏra, (æ, f.) Camphor. Antiſeptic, diaphoretic, antiſpaſmodic; in low malignant fevers, &c. gr. iij ad ʒj repeatedly. In mania, gr. v ad ʒſs, bis terve die: in a recent caſe of this ſort after having been gradually augmented to ʒj thrice a day, ſucceſs ſhortly attended its exhibition. To make camphor properly diffuſible in water, it ſhould firſt be diſſolved in a little ſpirit of wine, or expreſſed oil, and then well triturated with mucil. of gum Arab. See *Emuls. & Miſt.* Externally anodyne. See *Ol.* Camphor ʒij diſſolved in olive oil ʒj, to which is added water of pure ammonia ʒiij, Mr. Cruikſhank adviſes in caſes of deep ſeated inflammation, or to quicken the action of parts that ſuppurate imperfectly.

CANCRI CHĒLÆ (ārum, pl. f.) PRÆPĂRĀTÆ. Antacid, abſorbent, ʒſs ad ʒj. Given to the extent of ℥ſs a day, they are ſaid to have been of uſe in leucorrhœa. See *Pulvis*.

CANĒLLA ALBA, *cortex*. Stimulant, aromatic, ſtomachic, gr. xv ad ℈ij, bis terve die.

CANTHĂRIS, (ĭdis, f.) Spaniſh fly. Acrid, ſtimulant, diuretic; in ſuppreſſion or incontinency of urine, ariſing from over-diſtenſion of the bladder, gr. j ad gr. iv, bis die. Alſo in certain caſes of impotency, cantharis gr. ſs taken every night, has proved of uſe, joined with camphor and opium, each gr. j. See *Tinct*. Externally, ſee *Cerat. Empl. & Ung*.

CARDAMĪNE, (es, f.) *flos*. Lady's-ſmock, or cuckoo-flower. Stimulant, antiſpaſmodic; againſt convulſive diſorders, as epilepſy, hyſteria, chorea, &c. ʒſs ad ʒj, or more, bis terve die.

CARDAMŌMUM (i, n.) MINUS, *ſemen*. Leſſer cardamom. Stimulant, carminative, ſtomachic, gr. v ad ℈j. See *Tinct*.

CARDŬUS (i, m.) BENEDICTUS, *herba*. Bleſſed thiſtle. Tonic, ſtomachic, gr. xv ad ʒj. A light infuſion, as ℥j macerated five or ſix hours in cold water ℔j, proves more grateful to weak ſtomachs and leſs heating, it is ſaid, than any other bitter; and if drunk warm in bed, commonly increaſes perſpiration. Strong decoctions or infuſions are ſometimes uſed to provoke vomiting, or to aſſiſt the operation of other emetics.

CARĬCA, (æ, f.) *fructus*. Fig. Demulcent; no. vj in any appropriate decoction ℔j.

CARŬON,

CARŬON, (i, n.) *semen*. Caraway. Stimulant, carminative, ſtomachic, gr. x ad ʒj. See *Aq. Ol. & Spir.*

CARYŎPHĪLLUM (i, n.) AROMATĬCUM. Clove,—the unripe ſeed-veſſel of the *caryophillus aromatica*, clove-tree. Stimulant, aromatic, gr. v ad ℈j. Alſo ſialogogue. See *Oleum*.

CARYŎPHĪLLUM RUBRUM, *flos*. Clove-gillyflower. Cordial, aromatic, ℈j ad ʒj. See *Syrupus*.

CASCARĪLLA, (æ, f.) *cortex*. Tonic, ſtomachic, aromatic; in flatulent colics, dyſenteries, intermittents, &c. gr. x ad ℈ij, bis, ter, quaterve die. See *Extr. & Tinct.*

CASSĬA (æ, f.) FISTULĀRIS, *fructus*. Laxative, ʒſs ad ʒj. See *Elect.*

CASSĬA LIGNĔA, *cortex, flores nondum explicatæ. E.* Stimulant, aromatic, gr. v ad ℈j. This is ſomewhat weaker than cinnamon, which it ſtrongly reſembles; it has leſs aſtringency, but abounds with more mucilaginous matter. See *Aqua*.

CASTŎRĔUM (i, n.) RUSSĬCUM, *in folliculo prope anum ſito, collectum*. Ruſſian caſtor. Antiſpaſmodic, emmenagogue, gr. v ad ℈j, or more. See *Tinct.*

CĂTĂPLASMA (ătis, n.) ALUMĪNIS. *L.* (With a lump of alum beat the white of two eggs until it is coagulated.) Cooling, reſtringent to inflamed eyes with much watery excretion. A ſolution of alum, ſays Dr. Cullen, in general anſwers much better.

CĂTĂPLASMA CUMĪNI. *L. (Cumini* ℔j; *bac. lauri, fol. ſcordii, ſerpent. Virg. ſing.* ʒiij; *caryoph. aromat.* ʒj; *mellis triplum omnium pondus.)* Warm, ſtimulating to parts diſpoſed to gangrene from a languid circulation.

CĂTĂPLASMA SINAPĔOS. *L. (Sinapeos in pulv. triti, medullæ panis ſiliginei, ſing.* ℔ß; *aceti callidi q. s.)* This often inflames and raiſes bliſters. Applied to the ſoles of the feet, it is frequently of uſe in the low ſtate of fevers, lethargic ſtupors, and in diverting gouty pains from the head, ſtomach, &c.

CATĔCHU, (n. indecl.) *vulgo* TERRA JAPONĬCA. Aſtringent; in diarrhœas, uterine profluvia, &c. gr. xv ad ʒij. When ſuffered to diſſolve leiſurely in the mouth, it ſerves as an uſeful topical aſtringent for laxities and exulcerations of the gums, for aphthous ulcers in the mouth, and the like. See *Elect. Infus. & Tinct.*

CENTAURĒUM (i. n.) MINUS, *carūmen.* Leſſer centaury. Tonic, aperient, ſtomachic, ʒj ad ʒj. ter die. In infuſion ʒſs ad ℥j to water ℔j.

CĒRA ALBA, & FLAVA. Yellow wax ſheathing; in diarrhœas and dyſenteries, ʒj ad ʒj, made into an emulſion with an equal proportion of gum Arab. in powder. Externally, ſee *Empl. & Ung.*

CERĀTUM CANTHARĬDIS. *(Cerati ſperm. cet. ʒvj; canthar. pulv. ʒj.)* This is ſtronger than the *ung. cantharidis*; it is uſeful in ſupporting a drain under the form of iſſue, and in caſes of ſmallpox where the ſkin, to which a bliſter is to be applied, happens to be much affected.

CERĀTUM LAPĬDIS CALAMINĀRIS. *(Lap. calam. ceræ flav. ſing.* ℔ß; *ol. olivæ* ℔j.) Deſiccative, epulotic.

CERĀTUM LYTHARGŸRI ACETĀTI COMPOSĬTUM. *L.* *(Aq.*

(Aq. litharg. acet. ℥ijſs; ceræ flav. ℥iv; ol. olivæ ℥ix; camphoræ ʒſs.) Cooling, deſiccative, reſolvent; againſt chronic rheumatiſm, &c.

CERĀTUM RĔSĪNÆ FLAVÆ. *(Ung. reſinæ flav. ℔ſs; ceræ flavæ ℥j.)* Drawing.

CERĀTUM SAPŌNIS. *L. (Saponis ℥viij; ceræ flav. ℥x; litharg. ℔j; ol. olivæ ℔j; aceti cong. j.)* Reſolvent; againſt ſcrophulous tumours, &c. It is a convenient application in fractures, and may be uſed alſo as an external dreſſing for ulcers.

CERĀTUM SPERMĂTIS CĒTI. *(Sperm. ceti ℥ſs; ceræ alb. ℥ij; ol. olivæ ℥iv.)* Cooling, emollient; againſt excoriations, &c.

CERŪSSA, (æ, f.) Ceruſe, or whitelead. Externally cooling, aſtringent; in unguents and lotions. See *Pulv. & Ung.*

CERŪSSA ACETĀTA. *(Olim, Sacch. Satūrni.)* Aſtringent; in hæmorrhages, colliquative diarrhœas or ſweats, &c. gr. ſs ad gr. ij, with tinct. of opium gt. iv, 6tis horis. Externally weak ſolutions cooling, ſedative, aſtringent; ſtrong ſolutions ſtimulant, aſtringent. See *Unguentum.*

CHĂMÆMĒLUM, (i, n.) *flos ſimplex.* Chamomile. Tonic, ſtomachic, ℈j ad ʒj. Alſo in infuſion. See *Extr.* Externally in fomentations diſcutient, antiſeptic. See *Decoct.*

CICŪTA, (æ, f.) *herba, flos, ſemen.* Hemlock. Narcotic, alterative, reſolvent. Firſt give gr. iij of the dried leaves in powder, twice or thrice a day, & then increaſe the doſe gradually according to its effects.

See *Suc.* Externally in fomentations diſcutient, reſolvent,—freſh herb ʒiv ad ʒvj, or dried ʒij ad ʒiij boiled in water ℔iij to ℔ij. Alſo in poultice againſt cancers, &c. boiled with milk, and a like or double proportion of bread crumbs.

Cinăra, (æ, f.) *folium.* Artichoke. Tonic, diuretic; in dropſy, jaundice, &c. expreſſed juice ʒſs ad ʒj, bis die, mixed with an equal portion of white-wine.

Cinchōna, (æ f.) *cortex. (Vulgo,* cortex peruviānus.) Tonic, aſtringent, ſtomachic, gr. xv ad ʒj, or more. Should it excite vomiting, exhibit it in wine; if oppreſſion at ſtomach, join with it an aromatic; if purging, opium. See *Decoct. Extr. & Tinct.* For making a cold infuſion with magneſia, Dr. Skeete recommends as follows:—Bark powder ʒſs, calcined magneſia ʒj, rub them together for fifteen minutes with a little water ſo as to form a paſte, then add water ʒix gradually; infuſe half an hour, ſhaking the veſſel frequently, and filter thro' paper.

Cinnamōmum, (i. n.) *cortex.* The cinnamon-tree. Stimulant, aſtringent, aromatic, gr. v ad ʒj. See *Aq. Ol. Spir. & Tinct.*

Coccĭnella, (æ, f.) Cochineal. Employed only as a colouring drug.

Cochleārĭa (æ, f.) hortensis, *herba.* Garden-ſcurvygraſs. Stimulant, attenuant, aperient, expreſſed juice ʒj ad ʒiv, bis die. See *Succus.*

Colchĭcum, (i, n.) *radix recens.* Meadow-ſaffron. Acrid, diuretic, cathartic, gr. ſs ad gr. iij, bis die.

As,

As, however, even ſmall doſes in ſubſtance have produced alarming effects, it is now commonly given in the form of oxymel or ſyrup; *which* ſee.

Cŏlŏcynthis, (ĭdis, f.) *fructus medŭlla.* Bitter apple. Strongly cathartic, gr. iij ad gr. viij, triturated with ſome gummy farinaceous matter. See *Extr.*

Colomba, (æ, f.) *radix.* Tonic, ſtomachic; in bilious vomitings and diarrhœas, &c. gr. x ad ʒſs, in infuſion ℈j ad ʒj. See *Tinct.*

Confectĭo aromatĭca. *(Zedoariæ, croci, ſing.* ℔ſs; *pulv. chelar. cancri comp.* ʒxvj; *cinnam. myriſticæ, ſing.* ʒij; *caryoph. arom.* ʒj; *cardam.* ʒſs; *ſacch. purif.* ℔ij.) Stimulant, antiſpaſmodic, aſtringent, gr. xv ad ʒj.

Confectĭo opiāta. *L. (Opii* ʒvj; *piperis longi, zingib. carui, ſing.* ʒij; *ſyr. papav. albi, ad mellis craſſitudinem decocti, triplum omnium pondus.)* Stimulant, carminative, anodyne, gr. x ad ʒſs. Thirty-ſix gr. contain one of opium.

Conſerva absinthĭi maritĭmi. *L. (Abſinth. marit.* ʒiv; *ſacch. purif.* ℔j.) Tonic, ſtomachic, ʒij ad ʒſs, bis terve die. Conſ. of ſea-wormwood ʒj, ruſt of iron ʒſs, conſ. of arum ʒiij, ſyr. of orange-peel q. ſ.—doſe, the ſize of a nutmeg, night and morn, againſt hypochondriaſis, epilepſy, worms, amenorrhœa, &c.

Conſerva ari. *L. (Ari recent.* ℔ſs; *ſacch. purif.* ℔ij*ſs.)* Stimulant, attenuant, diuretic, ʒſs ad ʒiſs, bis, ter, quaterve die.

Conſerva aurantĭi hiſpalensis cortĭcis exteriōris. *(Cort. aurant.* ʒiv; *ſacch. pur.* ℔j.) Tonic, ſtomachic, ʒij ad ʒv, bis terve die.

CONSERVA CYNOSBĀTI. *(Cynoſb.* ℔j; *ſacch. pur.* ℥xx.) Cooling, reſtringent, ʒij ad ʒvj.

CONSERVA LUJŬLÆ. *L. (Lujulæ* ℥iv; *ſacch. pur.* ℔j.) Subacid, cooling, reſtringent, ʒij ad ℥ſs.

CONSERVA MENTHÆ. *E. (Menthæ ſativæ fol. recent.* ℥j; *ſacchari purif.* ℥iij.) Stimulant, ſtomachic; in ſickneſs and weakneſs of the ſtomach, &c. ʒj ad ʒiij.

CONSERVA PRŪNI SYLVESTRIS. *(Pulpæ prunorum* ℥iv; *ſacch. pur.* ℔j.) Aſtringent; in diarrhœas, &c. ʒij ad ℥ſs.

CONSERVA ROSÆ RUBRÆ. *(Roſar. rubr.* ℥iv; *ſacch. purif.* ℔j.) Subaſtringent, ʒij ad ℥ſs.

CONSERVA SCILLÆ. *L. (Scillæ rec.* ℥j; *ſacch. pur.* ℥v.) Expectorant, diuretic, ʒſs ad ʒj, bis terve die.

CONTRAYĒRVA, (æ, f.) *radix.* Stimulant, antiſeptic, diaphoretic, gr. x ad ʒſs, in infuſion or decoction ʒſs ad ʒj, or more. See *Pulv.* Alſo detergent in gargles for the putrid ſore throat,—℥ſs boiled a ſhort time in compound barley decoction ℥xij, to which, when ſtrained, are added vinegar ℥ij, tinct. of myrrh ℥j, honey ʒvj.

CONVALLARĬA, (æ, f.) *radix.* Solomon's ſeal. *E.* Mucilaginous, demulcent. This is commonly uſed in the form of poultice, as a diſcutient in inflammations, contuſions, &c.

CORALLĬUM (ĭi, n.) RUBRUM PRÆPĂRĀTUM. *L.* Abſorbent, antacid, gr. x ad ʒj.

CŎRĬANDRUM, (i, n.) *ſemen.* Coriander. Stimulant, carminative, ℈j ad ʒj.

CORNU

Cornu cervi. Hartſhorn. Boiled in water, this gives out an emollient nutritious jelly. An elegant jelly is prepared by boiling ℥vj of ſhavings in water ℔vj to ℔ij, adding to the ſtrained liquor of Seville orange or lemon juice ℥j, whitewine ℥iv, ſugar ℥vj; and then boiling the whole to a due conſiſtence.

Cornu cervi ustum. Abſorbent, antacid, aſtringent, ʒſs ad ʒiſs. See *Decoct.*

Crēta præpărāta. Prepared chalk. Abſorbent, antacid, ℈j ad ʒj. In diarrhœas and dyſenteries even ʒij have been given for a doſe. See *Mixt.* & *Pulv.*

Crocus, (i, m.) *floris ſtigma*. Saffron. Cordial, diaphoretic, gr. v ad ʒſs. See *Syr.* & *Tinct.*

Crocus antimonĭi. *(Olim, Crocus metallorum.)* Violently emetic, gr. j ad gr. iv.

Cubĕba, (æ, f.) The cubeb. Stimulant, aromatic, gr. v ad ℈j. This is far inferior to pepper in aromatic warmth, but its odour is thought more agreeable.

Cŭcŭmis (is, m.) agrestis, *fructus recens*. Wild cucumber. See *Elaterium*; which is wholly prepared from it.

Cumīnum, (i, n.) *ſemen*. Cummin. Stimulant, antiſpaſmodic, ℈j ad ʒj. Externally, ſee *Catapl.* & *Emplaſtrum*.

Cuprum ammōnĭăcum. *E. (Cupri vitriolati puriſs. partes duas; ammoniæ ℔tæ partes tres.* Rub them together in a glaſs mortar until they unite into an uniform violet-coloured maſs, which muſt firſt be

dried on blotting paper, and afterwards by a gentle heat. The product ſhould be kept in a well cloſed phial.) Aſtringent, anti-epileptic, gr. j ad gr. v, bis terve die. Half a grain for a doſe is enough to begin with. See *Pilula.*

CUPRUM VITRĬOLĀTUM. *(Olim, Vitriol. cærul.)* Speedily emetic, gr. ij ad gr. x, diſſolved in a cupful of water, ℔ſs of warm water being previouſly ſwallowed. Corroborant; in epilepſy, hyſteria, &c. gr. $\frac{1}{6}$ ad gr. $\frac{1}{2}$, or more, bis terve die. Joined with olibanum & extract of bark, it is uſed alſo for gleets, and in the latter ſtage of gonorrhœa. Externally ſtyptic, (ſee *Aqua*) eſcharotic; to deſtroy fungous fleſh, &c. Vitriolated copper, French bole, each ℥ſs, camphor ʒj, boiling water ℔iv, form the *Aqua camphorata* of Bates; which when diluted with ſixteen times its quantity of cold water is recommended by Mr. Ware for the purulent ophthalmia of new-born children.

CURCŬMA, (æ, f.) *radix.* Turmeric. Tonic, aperient, deobſtruent, ℈j ad ʒj, in decoction ʒij ad ʒiij.

CURSŪTA, (æ, f.) *radix.* Yellow gentian. *E.* Tonic, ſtomachic; in dyſpepſy, dyſphagia, &c. gr. x ad ℈ij, in infuſion ℈j ad ʒj, ter die.

CYDŌNĬUM MĀLUM, (i, n.) *ejuſque ſemen.* Quince, —the fruit of the *cydonia malus*, quince-tree. Subacid, aſtringent; ſeed mucilaginous. See *Mucil.*

CYNOSBĂTUS, (i, f.) *fructus.* Wild briar, or hip-tree. Cooling, reſtringent. See *Conſ.*

DAUCUS

Daucus (i, m.) sylvestris, *semen*. Wild carrot. Stomachic, diuretic, ℈j ad ʒj. In infusion ʒj to water ℔j.

Decoctum althææ. *E.* (*Rad. althææ siccatæ ʒiv*; *uvarum passarum, demptis acinis, ʒij*; *aquæ*, p. ℔vij. Boil to five pounds; place apart the strained liquor till the feces have subsided, then pour off the clear.) Demulcent; in nephritic paroxysms, &c. ad libitum.

Decoctum chamæmeli. *E.* (*Flor. chamæmeli ʒj*; *sem. carui ʒfs*; *aquæ*, p. ℔v. Boil fifteen minutes, and strain.) This simple preparation may be employed either in the way of clyster, or fomentation.

Decoctum cinchonæ, sive corticis peruviani. (*Cinch. pulv. ʒj*; *aquæ dist.* ℔j ʒiij. Boil ten minutes, in a covered vessel, and strain whilst hot.) Tonic, astringent, ʒj ad ʒiv.

Decoctum cornu cervi. *L.* (*Cornu cervi usti ʒij*; *Arab. gum. ʒvj*; *aq. dist.* ℔iij. Boil to ℔ij, stirring constantly, and strain.) Absorbent, antacid; in fevers attended with laxity of the bowels, &c. ʒij ad ʒiv.

Decoctum pro enemate. *L.* (*Malvæ siccatæ ʒj*; *chamæm. ʒfs*; *aquæ* ℔j. Boil a little, and strain.) Emollient.

Decoctum pro fomento. *L.* (*Abrotoni, absinth. marit. chamæm. sing. ʒj*; *fol. lauri ʒfs*; *aquæ* ℔vj. Boil a little, and strain.) Discutient, antiseptic.

Decoctum geoffrææ. *E.* (*Cort. Geoffrææ in pulv. triti ʒj*; *aquæ*, p. ℔ij. Boil gently to one half, and strain.) Laxative, narcotic, anthelmintic, ʒj ad ʒiij,

or

or more, ſemel aut bis die. Firſt direct ſmall doſes, and give ſtrict caution againſt drinking water that is cold. In caſe any violent effects, ſuch as ſickneſs, fever and delirium, ſhould be induced by it, caſtor oil, warm water, and vegetable acids are to be freely employed.

Decoctum guajāci compoſĭtum. *E.* (*Scobis ligni guaiaci ʒiij; uvarum paſſarum, ʒij; rad. ſaſſafras, glycyrrhizæ, ſing. ʒj; aquæ, p.* ℔*x.* Boil the water with the guaiacum and raiſins to one half, adding towards the end the ſaſſafras and liquorice; then ſtrain without expreſſion.) Stimulant, diaphoretic; in cutaneous diſeaſes, &c. ʒiv ad ʒvj, bis terve die.

Decoctum helleb̆ŏri albi. *L.* (*Pulv. helleb. alb. ʒj; aquæ* ℔*ij; ſpir. vin. rect. p. ʒij.* Boil the water with the hellebore to ℔j, and to the ſtrained liquor, when cold, add the ſpirit.) For cutaneous foulneſſes, as pſora, tinea, &c. In ſome inſtances this requires dilution.

Decoctum hordĕi. (*Hordei, omni cortice nudati, ʒij; aquæ* ℔*iv.* Firſt waſh the barley from any adhering impurities, and then boil it a little with water ℔ſs; this water being thrown away, add to the barley the ℔iv of water hot, and boil to ℔ij.) Nutritive, emollient, ʒij ad ʒvj, ad libitum.

Decoctum hordĕi compoſĭtum. *L.* (*Decoct. hord.* ℔*ij; uvarum paſſarum, acinis exemptis, caricarum, ſing. ʒij; glycyrrh. ʒſs; aquæ* ℔*j.* Boil to ℔ij.) Pectoral, demulcent, ʒiij ad ʒvj, or ad libitum.

Decoctum mezerĕi. *E.* (*Corticis radicis mezerei ʒij;*

℥ij; *rad. glycyrrhizæ cont.* ℥ſs; *aquæ*, P. ℔iij. Boil to two pounds, and ſtrain.) Acrid, ſtimulant, alterative; in glandular ſwellings, &c. ℥iv ad ℔ſs, ter quaterve die.

Decoctum sarsaparillæ. (*Sarſapar. conciſæ* ℥vj; *aquæ* ℔viij. Macerate the ſarſaparilla two hours in a heat of about 195°, then take it out and bruiſe it, and again macerate it in the liquor for two hours; then boil to ℔iv, and ſtrain the expreſſed liquor.) Alterative, diaphoretic, ℥iv ad ℔ſs, bis terve die. In ſyphilitic complaints, after the ineffectual uſe of mercury, ℔ij have been given in divided doſes daily, with advantage. Taken with an equal proportion of milk, it has been experienced alſo of excellent uſe in reſtoring ſtrength to perſons greatly debilitated from a long continued and free courſe of mercury.

Decoctum sarsaparillæ compoſitum. *L.* (*Sarſapar. conciſæ et cont.* ℥vj; *ſaſſafras, guaiaci raſi, glycyrrh. cont. ſing.* ℥j; *mezerei* ʒiij; *aquæ* ℔x. Macerate with a gentle heat, ſix hours, then boil to ℔v, adding towards the end the mezereon, and ſtrain.) Alterative, ſudorific; in venereal nodes, ulcers, &c. ℥iv ad ℔ſs, bis, ter, quaterve die. This may be conſidered as an elegant improvement of what has been long ſold under the title of the *Liſbon Diet Drink*; which is ſaid to be a decoction of ℥iij of ſarſaparilla, ℥ſs of mezereon, and ℥ij of crude antimony, with liquorice, &c. boiled in water ℔x to ℔v.

Decoctum senĕkæ. *E.* (*Rad. ſenekæ* ℥j; *aquæ*, P. ℔ij. Boil to ℥xvj by weight, and ſtrain.) Acrid, diuretic,

diuretic, cathartic; in hydropic, rheumatic and arthritic complaints, &c. ʒiſs ad ʒij, ter quaterve die. To obviate the uneaſy ſenſation which ſeneka is apt to excite in the fauces, ʒiij of liquorice root may be advantageouſly added in the boiling.

Decoctum ulmi. *L.* (*Ulmi cont.* ʒiv; *aquæ* ℔iv. Boil to ℔ij.) Emollient, ſubaſtringent; in chronic eruptions, &c. ʒiv ad ℔ſs, bis die. A much ſtronger preparation than this has been given by ſome.

Dictamnus (i, m.) albus, *radix*. White fraxinella, or baſtard dittany. *E.* Tonic, ſtomachic; in intermittents, worms, menſtrual ſuppreſſions, epilepſy, &c. ℈j ad ʒſs, bis die.

Digitālis, (is, f.) *herba*. Foxglove. Acrid, diuretic, often emetic, ſometimes cathartic, in powder gr. j ad gr. iij, bis die, with ſome aromatic, or ʒſs ad ʒj of an infuſion made by macerating four hours, ʒj of the dried leaves in boiling water ℔ſs, adding at the end ʒj of ſome ſpirituous water. As ſoon as the kidneys, ſtomach, pulſe, or bowels are perceived to be affected, its uſe ſhould be ſuſpended. In dropſy a grain or two of calomel, once or twice a day, has been ſucceſsfully conjoined. With reſpect to its uſe in dropſy, Dr. Withering obſerves that it ſeldom ſucceeds in men of great natural ſtrength, of tenſe fibre, of warm ſkin, of florid complexion, or in ſuch as have a tight & cordy pulſe, or when the belly in aſcites is tenſe, hard, and circumſcribed, or the limbs in anaſarca ſolid and reſiſting: on the contrary, if the pulſe be feeble or intermitting, the countenance pale, the lips livid, the ſkin cold, the ſwoln

ſwoln belly ſoft and fluctuating, the anaſarcous limbs readily pitting, then we may expect diuretic effects from it.

Dŏlĭchos, (i, m.) *pubes leguminis rigĭda.* Cowhage. *E.* Anthelmintic, gr. v. ad gr. x, or more, in ſyrup or molaſſes, bis terve die; a purgative being interpoſed once in two or three days.

Dulcămāra, (æ, f.) *ſtipĭtes.* Woody nightſhade. *E.* Narcotic, diaphoretic, diuretic, reſolvent; in obſtructed menſes, ſcrophula, lepra and other cutaneous diſeaſes, in cancer, rheumatiſm, &c. freſh ſtalks ʒij, water ℔iv, boil to ℔ij; or dried ſtalks ʒſs ad ʒj, boiling water ʒxx, macerate half an hour, then boil ten minutes,—doſe, ʒſs ad ʒiv, with a little milk, bis, ter, quaterve die. This plant, more eſpecially when freſh, being endowed with a narcotic power, ſhould at firſt be uſed only in ſmall doſes.

Elaterĭum, (ĭi, n.) Strongly cathartic, ſometimes emetic; in cold indolent phlegmatic habits gr. ſs ad gr. iij. Dropſy, we are told, has been ſometimes cured by giving extr. of gentian gr. iv, elaterium gr. $\frac{1}{4}$, once in two hours, until a ſufficient operation enſued by ſtool, and repeating this proceſs every third or fourth day.

Electuārĭum cassĭæ. *(Pulpæ caſſiæ ʒvj; mannæ ʒij; pulpæ tamarind. ʒj; ſyr. roſæ ʒvj.* Evaporate to an electuary.) Laxative, ʒij ad ʒj.

Electuārĭum catĕchu. *E. (Catechu ʒiv; kino ʒiij; cort. cinnamomi, nuclei fructus myriſticæ, ſing. ʒj; opii, in vini albi Hiſpani quantum ſufficiat diſſuſi, ʒijſs;* ſyr.

ſyr. roſæ, ad mellis ſpiſſitudinem cocti, P. ℔ij *℥iij.)* Aſtringent; in diarrhœas, &c. ℈j ad ʒj. Ten ſcr. contain gr. j of opium.

ELECTUĀRĬUM OPIĀTUM. *E. (Cort. cinnamomi, cardamomi min. rad. zingib. ſing. in pulv. trit. ℥ij; rad. ſerpent. Virgin. in pulv. tritæ ℥iij; opii in vini albi quantum ſatis ſit diffuſi, ℥ſs; mellis deſpumati, P.* ℔ʒ*j.)* Stimulant, aromatic, ℈j ad ℈ij, or more. One dr. contains about gr. j of opium.

ELECTUĀRĬUM SCAMMŌNĬI. *L. (Scam.* ℥ij*ſs; caryoph. arom. zingib. ſing.* ʒvj; *ol. carui eſſent. P.* ʒſs; *ſyr. roſæ q. s.)* Cathartic, ʒſs ad ʒj.

ELECTUĀRĬUM SENNÆ. *(Sennæ* ℥viij; *caricarum* ℔ʒ; *pulpæ tamarind,—caſſiæ,—prunor. Gallic. ſing.* ℔ʒſs; *coriand.* ℥iv; *glycyrrh.* ℥iij; *ſacch. pur.* ℔ijſs.) Laxative, ʒj ad ℥ſs.

ELĔMI, (n. indecl.) *rĕsīna.* Stimulant, balſamic, gr. x ad ʒſs. Uſed chiefly in unguents. See *Ung.*

EMPLASTRUM AMMŌNIĂCI CUM HYDRARGŸRO. *L. (Amm. colati* ℔ʒ; *hydrarg. P.* ℥iij; *ol. ſulphurati, P.* ʒj.*)* Reſolvent; to nodes, tophes, indurated glands and tumours. Five oz. contain about one of quickſilver.

EMPLASTRUM ASÆ FŒTĬDÆ. *E. (Empl. lithargyri, aſæ fœtidæ colatæ, ſing. partes duas; ceræ flavæ, galbani colati, ſing. partem unam.)* Anodyne, antiſpaſmodic. In hyſteric caſes, this is ſometimes applied to the umbilical region, or over the whole abdomen.

EMPLASTRUM CANTHARĬDIS. *(Canthar.* ℔ʒ; *empl. ceræ* ℔ij; *adip. ſuillæ ppt æ* ℔ſs.*)* For raiſing bliſters.

EMPLASTRUM

EMPLASTRUM CĒRÆ COMPOSĬTUM. *(Ceræ flavæ, ſevi ovilli, ſing.* ℔ij; *reſinæ flav.* ℔j.*)* Drawing;—ſometimes employed for the dreſſing of bliſters.

EMPLASTRUM CUMĪNI. *L. (Sem. cumini,—carui, bac. lauri, ſing.* ℥iij; *picis Burgund.* ℔iij; *ceræ flavæ* ℥iij.*)* Applied to the hypogaſtric region or ſtomach, this is uſed as a warm diſcutient, and to expel flatulence.

EMPLASTRUM LADĂNI COMPOSĬTUM. *L. (Ladani* ℥iij; *thuris* ℥j; *cinnamomi* ℥ſs; *ol. myriſticæ expreſſi, p.* ℥ſs; *ol. menthæ eſſent. p.* ℥j.*)* Warm, ſtrengthening; in weakneſſes of the ſtomach, vomitings, &c. It is ſometimes employed alſo to promote the ſuppuration of inactive tumours.

EMPLASTRUM LITHARGŸRI. *(Litharg.* ℥xv; *ol. olivæ* ℔ij; *aquæ* ℔ſs.*)* Defenſive; for excoriations of the ſkin, &c.

EMPLASTRUM LITHARGŸRI COMPOSĬTUM. *(Empl. litharg.* ℔iij; *galbani* ℥viij; *terebinth. vulg.* ʒx; *thuris* ℥iij.*)* Warm, ſtimulating, ſuppurative. Comp. plaſter of litharge ℥j, plaſter of cantharides ʒij, form the *Emplaſtrum calidum* of late frequent uſe in fixed pains, as in rheumatiſm, ſciatica, &c.

EMPLASTRUM LITHARŸRI CUM HYDRARGŸRO. *(Empl. litharg.* ℔j; *hydrarg. p.* ℥iij; *ol. ſulphurati, p.* ℥j.*)* Reſolvent. Five oz. contain about one of quickſilver.

EMPLASTRUM LYTHARGŸRI CUM RĔSĪNA. *(Empl. litharg.* ℔iij; *reſinæ flavæ.* ℔ſs.*)* Adheſive;—uſed as a retentive to the divided edges of a wound, or to confine other dreſſings.

EMPLASTRUM

EMPLASTRUM PĬCIS BURGUNDĬCÆ COMPOSĬTUM. *L. (Picis Burgund.* ℔ij; *ladani* ℔j; *reſinæ flav. ceræ flav. ſing.* ℥iv; *ol. myriſticæ expreſſi,* P. ℥j.) Stimulant, rubefacient. Applied to the temples or forehead, this is ſometimes of uſe in pains of the head.

EMPLASTRUM SAPŌNIS. *(Saponis* ℔ſs; *empl. litharg.* ℔iij.) Diſcutient, applied to lymphatic or other tumours.

EMPLASTRUM THŪRIS COMPOSĬTUM. *(Thuris* ℔ſs; *ſang. draconis* ℥iij; *empl. litharg.* ℔ij.) Adheſive, ſtrengthening.

EMULSIO ARABĬCA. *E.* (This is made by adding ℥ij of mucil. of gum Arab. to ℔ij of almond-milk, while beating the almonds.) Cooling, demulcent, ad libitum.

EMULSIO CAMPHORĀTA. *E. (Camphoræ* ℈j; *amygdalas dulces decorticatas* x; *ſacch. purif.* ʒj; *aquæ,* P. ℥vj. Grind the camphor and almonds well together in a ſtone mortar, and add by degrees the water; then ſtrain the liquor, and diſſolve in it the ſugar.) Doſe, ℥ſs ad ℥ij. For its virtues, ſee *Camphora.*

ENŬLA CAMPĀNA, *radix.* Elecampane. Aromatic, expectorant, diuretic, ℈j ad ʒj, or more, bis terve die.

ERYNGĬUM, (ĭi, n.) *radix.* Eryngo, or ſeaholly. *L.* Aperient, diuretic, ʒij ad ʒiij. To make mock aſs's milk, take eryngo, pearl barley, each ℥ſs, liquorice root ʒij, water ℔ij, boil to ℔j; then ſtrain, and add an equal portion of freſh cow's milk.

EXTRACTUM

EXTRACTUM CACUMĬNIS GĔNĪSTÆ. *L.* Laxative, diuretic, ʒſs ad ʒj, or more, bis terve die.

EXTRACTUM CASCARĪLLÆ. *L.* Tonic, ſtomachic; in dyſpepſy, debility of the bowels, &c. gr. x ad ʒſs, bis terve die.

EXTRACTUM CHAMÆMĒLI. Tonic, ſtomachic, gr. x ad ʒj, bis terve die.

EXTRACTUM CINCHŌNÆ, SIVE CORTĬCIS PERUVIĀNI. *L.* Ten or twelve grains of the hard extract are reckoned equivalent to about ʒſs of the bark itſelf; but this preparation, though moderately ſtrong in point of bitterneſs, poſſeſſes only a ſmall degree of aſtringency.

EXTRACTUM CINCHŌNÆ, SIVE CORTĬCIS PERUVIĀNI, CUM RĔSĪNA. This preparation is different from the former, having the two qualities of bitterneſs and aſtringency proportionably united. It is eſteemed equivalent to about ſix times its quantity of the bark in ſubſtance.

EXTRACTUM COLOCYNTHĬDIS COMPOSĬTUM. *(Colocynth. ʒvj; aloes ſoc. ℥ij/ſs; ſcammonii ℥ſs; ſem. cardam. ʒj.)* Cathartic, gr. v ad ʒſs.

EXTRACTUM GENTIĀNÆ. Tonic, ſtomachic, gr. x ad ℈ij, bis terve die.

EXTRACTUM GLYCYRRHĪZÆ. Demulcent, ʒj ad ʒiij, ad libitum.

EXTRACTUM HÆMATOXŸLI, SIVE LIGNI CAMPECHIĀNI. Aſtringent; in diarrhœas, &c. ℈j ad ℈ij.

EXTRACTUM HELLĔBŎRI NIGRI. Alterative, attenuant,

tenuant, diuretic, emmenagogue, gr. iij ad gr. viij, bis terve die. Cathartic, diuretic, reſolvent, gr. x ad ℈j. Extract of black hellebore, myrrh, each ʒj, bleſſed thiſtle ʒiij, form the baſis of Bacher's famous tonic pill; of which in dropſies he uſed to give, in three divided portions, at the diſtance of an hour each, from ʒſs to ℈ij, or more, daily, varying the doſe according to the ſtrength of its action, and the conſtitution. In taking this pill drinking plentifully is to be enjoined.

EXTRACTUM JALAPĬI. Cathartic, gr. viij ad gr. xv, well triturated with ſome teſtaceous powder.

EXTRACTUM PAPĀVĔRIS ALBI. Anodyne, narcotic, gr. j ad gr. v. This, it is ſaid, has about half the ſtrength of opium; and when united with ſimple ſyrup in the proportion of gr. ij to ʒj, may be ſubſtituted occaſionally for the *Syrupus papaveris albi*.

EXTRACTUM PULSATĪLLÆ NIGRICĀNTIS. *E.* Acrid, ſtimulant, reſolvent; in cataracts and amauroſis, in venereal nodes, nocturnal pains, indurated glands, ſerpiginous eruptions, melancholy, palſy, &c. gr. iij ad ℈j, or more, bis terve die.

EXTRACTUM RUTÆ. Stimulant, attenuant, tonic, detergent, gr. x ad ℈j, or more, bis terve die.

EXTRACTUM SABĪNÆ. *L.* Stimulant, aperient, emmenagogue, gr. x ad ʒſs, bis terve die.

EXTRACTUM SENNÆ. *L.* Cathartic, gr. x ad ʒſs.

FERRI LIMATŪRA PURIFICĀTA. *E.* Tonic, aſtringent,

gent, deobſtruent; in chloroſis where acidity in the firſt paſſages abounds, &c. gr. iij ad ℈j, bis terve die.

FERRI RUBĪGO, (ĭnis, f.) Aſtringent, aperient, gr. x ad ʒſs. Emmenagogue, gr. xv ad ʒj, or more, joined with ſome aromatic, ter quaterve die.

FERRUM AMMONIACĀLE. *(Olim, Flor. Martiāles.)* Aſtringent, attenuant, deobſtruent, gr. iij ad gr. xv, or more, bis terve die, in the form of bolus, or pills prepared with ſome gum-reſin. This or ſome other ſtrong preparation of iron, (as the *tinct. ferri muriati,)* Mr. Cline is wont to recommend in ſcirrhous affections of the breaſts. See *Tinct.*

FERRUM TARTĂRISĀTUM. *L.* Aſtringent, deobſtruent, gr. iij ad gr. xv, bis terve die.

FERRUM VITRĬOLĀTUM. *(Olim, Sal Martis.)* Aſtringent, aperient, emmenagogue, gr. ſs ad gr. v, bis terve die. In clyſters, vermifuge, gr. v ad ℈j.

FILIX, (ĭcis, f.) *radix.* Male fern. Aſtringent, aperient, anthelmintic; in caſes of tænia, to an adult ʒij ad ʒiij, to a child ʒj, early in the morning, with a mercurial cathartic two hours after; which proceſs, if neceſſary, is to be repeated at due intervals. Reſpecting the anthelmintic virtue of this root, Dr. Cullen expreſſes conſiderable doubt.

FLAMMŬLA JOVIS, *folia, flores.* Upright virgin's-bower. *E.* Acrid, ſtimulant, diuretic, diaphoretic; in ſyphilitic caſes with pains in the bones, nodes, or ulcers, in cutaneous diſeaſes, &c. ʒſs ad ℈ij, or more, infuſed in boiling water ℥iv, ter die.

FLORES BENZŎĒS. Stimulant, expectorant, deobſtruent;

ſtruent; in dyſpnœas, &c. gr. x ad ʒſs. See *Tinct.* Alſo errhine.

FLORES SULPHŬRIS LOTI. Laxative, diaphoretic, ℈j ad ʒj. See *Troch.*

FOENĬCŬLUM DULCE, *ſemen.* Sweet fennel. Stimulant, diuretic, carminative, ℈j ad ʒj. See *Aqua.*

FOĒNUM GRÆCUM, *ſemen.* Fenugreek. Emollient; in cataplaſms, and clyſters. One oz. boiled in water ℔j, renders it thick and ſlimy.

FULĪGO (gĭnis, f.) LIGNI. Woodſoot. *E.* Corroborant, antiſpaſmodic; in hyſteric caſes, gr. x ad ℈j, in tincture or infuſion ℈ij, or more.

FUMĀRĬA, (æ, f.) *herba.* Fumitory. *E.* Tonic, attenuant, deobſtruent; in melancholic and cutaneous diſeaſes of the leprous kind, &c. juice ʒiſs ad ʒii, bis die. Alſo in decoction.

GALBĂNUM PURIFICĀTUM, *gummi-rĕsīna.* Antiſpaſmodic; againſt nervous and hyſteric diſorders, gr. x ad ℈i, or more. See *Pil. & Tinct.*

GALLA, (æ, f.) The gall. Powerfully aſtringent, gr. x ad ʒſs. Alſo externally againſt the piles, mixed with ſix or eight times its quantity of lard, and a little camphor; or, by way of fomentation—bruiſed galls ʒſs, boiling water ℔ij, macerate an hour, and ſtrain.

GAMBOGĬA, (æ, f.) *gummi-rĕsīna.* Gamboge. Cathartic, hydragogue; in dropſy, &c. gr. iij ad gr. v, in fine powder, every three hours, till it operates. Emetic, cathartic; in tænia, &c. gr. vj ad gr. x, or more, joined with an equal proportion of prepared kali.

kali. Gamboge gr. xxxvj, ſpir. of ammonia ʒiv,—of this a tea ſpoonful or two, taken night and morn, has been of ſervice in ſome cutaneous diſeaſes.

GĔNĪSTA, (æ, f.) *cacūmen, ſemen.* Broom. Cathartic, diuretic, ℈j ad ʒj. See *Extr.* The cure of dropſy, ſays Dr. Cullen, has been ſometimes effected by giving ʒj of a decoction, made by boiling ʒſs of freſh broom tops in water ℔j to ℔ſs, every hour or two, till it operated by ſtool and urine, and repeating this proceſs every, or every other day, accordingly.

GENTIĀNA, (æ, f.) *radix.* Gentian. Tonic, ſtomachic, gr. x ad ℈ij. See *Extr. Infuſ. Tinct. & Vinum.*

GEOFFRÆA, (æ, f.) *cortex.* Cabbage-tree. *E.* Laxative, detergent, narcotic, anthelmintic; againſt the lumbrici, aſcarides, &c. ℈j ad ℈ij. But this is beſt given in the form of decoction or ſyrup, the former of which ſee.

GINSENG, (n, indecl.) *radix.* Stimulant, aromatic, ℈j ad ʒj.

GLYCYRRHĪZA, (æ, f.) *radix.* Liquorice. Attenuant, demulcent, ʒſs ad ʒj. See *Extr. & Troch.* This, it has been ſaid, poſſeſſes the property of allaying the ſenſation of thirſt.

GRANĀTUM, (i, n.) *floris petălum, fructus cortex.* The pomegranate-tree. Flowers, called Balauſtine, mildly aſtringent, ʒſs ad ʒiſs. Bark of the fruit powerfully aſtringent, ℈j ad ʒj, in infuſion or decoction ʒij ad ℥ſs.

GRATIŎLA, (æ. f.) *herba*. Hedge-hyſſop. Emetic, purgative, diuretic, anthelmintic; in dropſy, worms, &c. gr. x ad ℈j, or more, in infuſion ʒij of the freſh herb, or ʒj of the dried. A ſlight decoction in milk, it is ſaid, operates the mildeſt. This being an active medicine, it may be prudent perhaps to uſe it only in ſmall doſes, and to repeat theſe, at ſhort intervals, after the manner of Bergius; who in certain caſes directs gr. x in powder, with half as much gentian, every two hours, till it operates.

GUĀIĂCUM, (i, n.) *lignum, cortex, gummi-rĕsīna*. Stimulant, diaphoretic. The wood and bark in decoction; *which* ſee. Gum, gr. v. ad ℈j, in the form of bolus, or milk prepared by firſt triturating the gum with an equal proportion of fine ſugar, and then with mucilage of gum Arab. or yolk of egg, ſo as to be miſcible with water or watery liquors. When exhibited in this laſt form, ſays Dr. Cullen, in a quantity ſufficient over night, (as from gr. xv to ʒſs,) to open the belly once next day, we have found it uſeful in chronic rheumatiſm, or even when diſorders of the ſtomach, or wandering pains in other parts of the body could be imputed to atonic or retrocedent gout.

HÆMATOXŸLUM, (i, n.) *lignum*. Logwood. Aſtringent, ℈j ad ʒj. See *Extractum*.

HĔDĔRA TERRESTRIS, *herba*. Groundivy. *E*. Stimulant, tonic, expectorant, aperient, ʒſs ad ʒj, in infuſion ʒj ad ʒiij, bis terve die.

HELLĔBŎRĀSTER, (ſtri, m.) *folium*. Bear's-foot. Emetic, cathartic, vermifuge; againſt the lumbrici, &c.

&c. in decoction ʒij of the fresh leaves, or ℈ij of the dried, semel aut bis die.

Helleborus (i, m.) albus, *radix*. White hellebore. Sternutatory. See *Decoct. Tinct. & Ung.*

Helleborus niger, *radix*. Black hellebore. Alterative, attenuant, and in plethoric habits emmenagogue, gr. ij ad gr. vj, bis terve die. Strongly cathartic; in mania, &c. gr. x ad ℈j, or more. See *Extr. & Tinct.*

Hippocastanum, (i, n.) *fructus*. The horsechesnut. *E.* Errhine; against ophthalmia, headachs, &c. in powder gr. iij or iv, every evening; also in decoction or infusion. The bark likewise of this tree has been successfully employed for the cure of intermittents, in doses similar to those of cinchona.

Hordeum, (i, n.) *semen, semen omni cortice nudatum*. Barley. See *Decoct.*

Hydrargyrus (i, m.) acetatus. Alterative, antivenereal, gr. j ad gr. vj, or more, semel aut bis die. This, which forms the basis of Keyser's pill, says Mr. Bell, is milder in its operation and less disposed to affect the stomach and bowels than any other preparation of mercury internally employed; but at the same time he considers it as less certain in curing venereal disorders.

Hydrargyrus calcinatus. (*Olim, Merc. calc.*) *L.* Alterative, diaphoretic, gr. ss ad gr. ij, every night, joined with camphor and opium, each gr. ¼ or ½. Violently emetic, and cathartic, gr. iv ad gr. v.

Hydrargyrus cum creta. (*Olim, Merc. alkal.*)

L. Alterative; in cutaneous and venereal complaints, in obſtructions of the viſcera, or of the proſtate gland, &c. gr. x ad ʒſs, bis terve die.

Hydrargўrus muriātus. *(Olim, Merc. corroſ. ſubl.)* Alterative, antivenereal, gr. $\frac{1}{6}$ ad $\frac{1}{2}$ in the form of pill, or diſſolved in a ſpoonful of brandy, once, twice, or thrice a day, with plentiful dilution to prevent its griping. Alſo in gargles for venereal ulcers in the throat, muriated quickſilver gr. iij or iv, barley decoction ℔j, honey of roſes ʒij;—againſt tetters, &c. gr. v ad gr. x to water ℔j;—and for films and exulcerations of the cornea, gr. j to water ʒiv.

Hydrargўrus muriātus mitis. Alterative, antivenereal, &c. in doſes ſimilar to thoſe of calomel.

Hydrargўrus nitrātus ruber. *(Olim, Merc. corroſ. rub.)* In unguents ſtimulant, eſcharotic, ʒj, or more, to wax ointment ʒj. United with a triple or quadruple proportion of fine ſugar, and blown into the eye, night and morn, it is uſeful, ſays Mr. Bell, againſt ſpecks and films of the cornea; in which caſes he adds further benefit may be derived from the daily uſe of a ſolution of vitriolated zinc, or verdigriſe, at noon.

Hydrargўrus præcipitātus cinĕrĕus. *E. (Hydrargyri, acidi nitroſi diluti, paria pondera.* Mix that the quickſilver may be diſſolved, then dilute with water, and add a ſufficient quantity of water of ammonia to ſeparate the quickſilver from the acid; after which the powder is to be waſhed with pure water, and dried.) Alterative; in ſyphilis, &c. gr. j ad gr. v, night and morn. Alſo in the way of fumigation

migation like red ſulphurated quickſilver, to which it is preferable, on account of its not yielding any vapour offenſive to the patient.

Hydrargўrus purificātus. Mercury, or quickſilver. In conſtipations of the bowels, ʒſs ad ʒiv; but in theſe caſes its utility may be juſtly doubted. Quickſilver ʒvj, water ℔j; boil gently in a covered earthen veſſel, 15 minutes, ſtirring the mercury frequently; when cold decant off the liquor for uſe: —doſe to children, ʒj ad ʒij, or more, bis die, againſt worms. See *Pil.* Externally, ſee *Empl. & Ung.*

Hydrargўrus cum sulphŭre. *(Olim, Æthĭops min.)* Alterative, vermifuge, ℈j ad ʒj, bis terve die.

Hydrargўrus sulphurātus ruber. *(Olim, Cinnab. fact.)* *L.* Alterative, ℈j ad ʒſs. Alſo in fumigation againſt venereal ulcers in the noſe, mouth, or throat, venereal excreſcences about the anus, &c. ʒſs ad ʒj, ſemel aut bis die.

Hydrargўrus vitrĭolātus. *(Olim, Merc. emet. flav.)* Emetic, gr. ij ad gr. v. Alſo errhine; againſt amauroſis attended with dilatation of the pupil, &c. gr. ½, or more, mixed with eight times its weight of liquorice powder, once or twice a day: where the noſe is peculiarly dry, Mr. Ware adviſes the ſteam of warm water to be previouſly inhaled.

Hydrolăpăthum, (i, n.) *radix.* Waterdock. *E,* Strongly aſtringent, deobſtruent; in defædations of the ſkin, &c. gr. xv ad ʒj, in infuſion ʒſs ad ʒij, bis terve die. This root powdered is ſaid to be an excellent dentifrice.

Hyŏscyămus,

Hyoscyămus, (i, m.) *herba, ſemen.* Black henbane. *E.* Narcotic, diaphoretic, laxative, reſolvent; in puerperal mania, and melancholy, in glandular ſwellings, ſcirrhus, cancer, hæmoptyſis, &c. gr. ij ad gr. x, or more, bis terve die. See *Suc.* Alſo externally to reſolve ſwellings, and to allay pain in caſes of ſcirrhus, rheumatiſm, &c. under the form of cataplaſm of the leaves.

Hyperĭcum, (i, n.) *flos.* St. John's-wort. *L.* Aſtringent, corroborant; in hyſterical and hypochondriacal affections, &c. ℈j ad ʒj, bis, ter, quaterve die. In the leaves of this plant are to be found little veſicles containing an eſſential oil, ſomewhat reſembling that of turpentine; on which there is reaſon to ſuppoſe its medicinal virtues principally depend.

Hyssōpus, (i, m.) *herba.* Hyſſop. *E.* Stimulant, aromatic, attenuant, expectorant; in humoral aſthmas, coughs, &c. ℈j ad ʒj, in infuſion ʒj ad ʒij, bis terve die. Externally in fomentations diſcutient; alſo in poultice againſt contuſions, &c.

Ichthyŏcōlla, (æ, f.) Fiſh-glue, or iſinglaſs. *L.* Reſtorative, agglutinating, demulcent.

Impĕrātorĭa, (æ, f.) *radix.* Maſterwort. *E.* Stimulant, ſtomachic, ʒſs, in infuſion ʒj, bis terve die. Alſo ſialogogue.

Infūsum catĕchu. *E. (Catechu ʒijſs; cort. cinnam. ʒſs; aq. ferventis, p. ʒvij; ſyrupi ſimpl. p. ʒj.* Macerate the catechu and cinnamon in the water two hours, in a cloſe veſſel; then ſtrain, and add the

the ſyrup.) Aſtringent; in diarrhœas, &c. ℥j ad ℥ij.

INFŪSUM GENTIĀNÆ COMPOSĬTUM. (*Gentianæ ℥j; cort. limon. rec. ℥ſs; cort. aurant. exſic. ʒiſs; aq. fervent. ℥xij.* Macerate an hour, and ſtrain.) Tonic, ſtomachic, ℥ſs ad ℥iij, bis terve die. Comp. infuſion of gentian ℥x, prepared kali ʒj, ſpir. of juniper ʒij, taken at three doſes, daily, ſtands recommended in aſcites.

INFŪSUM RHEI. *E.* (*Rad. rhabarbari ℥ſs; aquæ bullientis, p. ℥viij; ſpir. cinnamomi, p. ℥j.* Macerate the rhubarb with the water, in a cloſe veſſel, for a night; then add the ſpir. of cinnamon, and ſtrain.) Purgative, ſtomachic, ℥ſs ad ℥iſs.

INFŪSUM ROSÆ. (*Roſar. rubr. ℥ſs; aq. diſt. ferv. ℔ſs; acidi vitriol. diluti, p. ʒiij; ſacch. pur. ℥iſs.* Firſt pour the water on the roſes, then the acid, and macerate half an hour, in a glaſs veſſel; when cold, ſtrain, and add the ſugar.) Subaſtringent, ʒij ad ℥vj.

INFŪSUM SENNÆ SIMPLEX. *L.* (*Sennæ ℥iſs; zingib. ʒj; aq. fervent. ℔j.* Macerate an hour, in a covered veſſel, and ſtrain.) Purgative, ℥iſs ad ℥iij.

INFŪSUM SENNÆ TARTĂRISĀTUM. *L.* (*Sennæ ℥iſs; coriandri ℥ſs; cryſt. tartari ʒij; aq. fervent. ℔j.*) Purgative, ℥iſs ad ℥iij.

INFŪSUM TAMARINDŌRUM CUM SENNA. *E.* (*Fructus tamarind. ʒvj; cryſtallorum tartari, fol. ſennæ, ſing. ʒj; ſem. coriandri ℥ſs; ſacch. non purif. ℥ſs; aquæ bullient. p. ℥viij.* Macerate in a cloſe earthen veſſel, four hours, ſhaking it often, and ſtrain.) Cooling, laxative, ℥ij ad ℥iv.

IPECACŬANHA,

IPECACŬANHA, (æ, f.) *radix*. Emetic, gr. x ad ʒſs. Diaphoretic; in uterine hæmorrhages, hæmoptoë, coughs, diarrhœa, &c. gr. $\frac{1}{3}$ ad gr. $\frac{1}{2}$, or more. See *Pulv. & Vinum*.

IRIS, (ĭdis, f.) *radix*. Florentine orris. Juice, in its turbid ſtate, ſtrongly acrid and cathartic; in dropſies, ʒj ad ʒiſs, largely diluted. In powder expectorant, ℈j ad ʒj. Alſo errhine.

IRIS PALUSTRIS, *radix*. Yellow waterflag. *E.* Undepurated juice ſtrongly acrid and cathartic; in dropſies, gt. lx, largely diluted, every 2 or 3 hours till it operates, occaſionally increaſed to ʒij. Alſo externally againſt ſerpiginous eruptions and ſcrofulous tumours. The freſh root of this ſpecies, is rather more acrid and cathartic than the preceding.

JALAPĬUM, (i, n.) *radix*. Jalap. Cathartic, gr. x ad ʒſs.—It is well ſuited to cold phlegmatic habits. See *Extr. Pulv. & Tinctura*.

JUGLANS, (dis, f.) *fructus immaturus*. The walnut-tree. *L.* Tonic, laxative, anthelmintic; againſt worms, &c. in infuſion ʒj ad ʒij, or more, ter die. Of a watery extract ʒij diſſolved in cinnamon water ℥ſs,—doſe, to children from two years old to three, gt. xx gradually increaſed to l, ter die.

JUNĬPĔRUS, (i, f.) *bacca, cacūmen*. The juniper-tree. Stimulant, ſtomachic, diuretic, ʒſs ad ʒj. In infuſion ℥ij to boiling water ℔j. Alſo in decoction. See *Ol. & Spir.*

KALI ACETĀTUM. *(Olim, Sal diuret.)* Diaphoretic, diuretic, deobſtruent, ℈j ad ℈ij. Laxative, diuretic, ʒj ad ʒij, or more.

KALI

KALI PRÆPARĀTUM. *(Vice Sal absinth.)* Antacid, attenuant, diuretic, gr. v ad ℈j, properly diluted. See *Aq.* In the aerated alkaline water, as directed by Dr. Falconer, the proportion of alkali is as ʒj to water ℔iv,—dose ʒiv, bis, ter, quaterve die.

KALI PURUM. *(Olim, Lapis septicus.)*

KALI SULPHURĀTUM. *(Flor. sulph. ʒj; kali ppti ʒv.)* *L.* Diaphoretic; against herpetic eruptions, arsenical, mercurial and saturnine poisons, &c. gr. iij ad gr. viij, or more, ter quaterve die, followed by a plentiful draught of warm water. Also externally against tinea, and other cutaneous diseases, in the proportion of ʒj ad ʒfs to water ℔j.

KALI TARTĂRISĀTUM. *(Olim, Tart. solub.)* Aperient, ℈j ad ʒj. Purgative, ʒij ad ʒfs, or more.

KALI VITRĬOLĀTUM. *(Olim, Tart. vitriolat.)* Febrifuge, aperient, ℈j ad ʒfs. Mildly cathartic, ʒiv ad ʒv.

KĪNO, (n, indecl.) *rĕsīna.* Astringent; in chronic diarrhœas, leucorrhœas, laxity with acrimony, hæmorrhages from the urethra, &c. gr. x ad ℈j, or more. See *Tinct.*

LAC (tis, n.) AMMŌNĬACI. *(Ammon. ʒfs; aq. dist. ʒij.)* Attenuant, expectorant, antispasmodic, ʒiij ad ʒj, or more.

LAC AMYGDĂLÆ. *(Amyg. dulc. ʒijs; sacch. pur. ʒfs; aquæ ℔ij.)* Cooling, demulcent; in hectic cases, against heat of urine, strangury, &c. ʒij ad ʒv, ad libitum.

LACTŪCA

LACTŪCA VIRŌSA, *folia*. Wild lettuce. *E.* Narcotic, diuretic, laxative, reſolvent. See *Succus*.

LADĂNUM, (i, n.) *rĕsīna*. *L.* Stimulant, gr. x ad ʒſs. Externally, ſee *Emplaſtrum*.

LAPIS (ĭdis, m.) CALAMINĀRIS PRÆPĂRĀTUS. Aſtringent; in lotions for ſore eyes, &c. See *Cerat*.

LAURUS, (us vel i, f.) *folium, bacca*. The bay-tree. Carminative, antiſpaſmodic, gr. x ad ʒſs.—It is ſeldom employed internally. See *Oleum*.

LAVENDŬLA, (æ, f.) *flos*. Lavender. Stimulant, aromatic, ℈j ad ʒj. Alſo externally in fomentations for paralytic limbs. See *Oleum & Spiritus*.

LĪCHEN, (ēnis, m.) *herba*. Eryngo-leaved, or Iceland liverwort. *E.* Tonic, nutritive, demulcent. The dried plant boiled in water or milk, to the amount of ʒſs or ʒj, daily, has of late been advantageouſly employed in phthiſis, coughs, diarrhœas, dyſentery, &c. Lichen ʒj, water ʒxx; boil gently fifteen minutes, adding, towards the end, ʒiij of liquorice-root,—doſe, a tea cupful.

LIGUSTĬCUM, (i, n.) *ſemen*. Lovage. *E.* Stimulant, aromatic, emmenagogue; in hyſteric and uterine complaints, ʒſs ad ʒj, in decoction or infuſion ʒj ad ʒij, bis terve die.

LILĬUM (i, n.) ALBUM, *radix*. The white lily. *E.* Formed into a poultice with milk, emollient, ſuppurative.

LĪMON, (ōnis, m.) *ſuccus, cortex exterior*. Lemon. Juice cooling, antiſeptic, reſtringent, ʒj ad ʒſs. See *Syr*.

Syr. Peel ſtimulant, ſtomachic, in infuſion, if freſh, ʒſs ad ʒij, daily. See *Aq.* & *Oleum.*

LĬNĬMENTUM AMMONĬÆ. (*Aq. ammoniæ* ʒſs; *ol. olivæ* ʒiſs.) Stimulant; againſt rheumatic and ſpaſmodic pains, paralytic numbneſſes, &c.

LĬNĬMENTUM AMMONĬÆ FORTĬUS. (*Aq. ammoniæ puræ* ʒj; *ol. olivæ* ʒij.) Rubefacient, &c. as the former.

LĬNĬMENTUM AQUÆ CALCIS. *E.* (*Olei ſem. lini, aquæ calcis, ſing. partes æquales.*) Againſt burns, ſcalds, &c.

LĬNĬMENTUM CAMPHŌRÆ COMPOSĬTUM. *L.* (*Camph.* ʒij; *aq. ammoniæ puræ* ʒvj; *ſpir. lavendulæ,* ℙ. ʒxvj.) Stimulant, anodyne; againſt local ſpaſmodic pains, paralytic numbneſſes, &c. This formule approaches to the volatile eſſence of the late Dr. Ward; it is of equal, if not of ſuperior activity.

LĬNĬMENTUM OPIĀTUM. *E.* (*Opii* ʒj; *ſaponis albi Hiſp.* ʒiv; *camphoræ* ʒij; *ol. roris marini eſſent.* ℙ. ʒſs; *ſpir. vini rect.* ℙ. ℔ij. Digeſt the opium and ſoap in the ſpirit, three days; then to the ſtrained liquor add the camphor and oil, diligently ſhaking the veſſel.) Anodyne; to ſtrained limbs, &c. One oz. contains ℈j of opium.

LĬNĬMENTUM SAPŌNIS COMPOSĬTUM. (*Saponis* ʒiij; *camph.* ʒj; *ſpir. roris marini* ℔j.) For rheumatic pains, bruiſes, ſprains, &c. Compound liniment of ſoap, water of acetated ammonia, each ʒj, water of pure ammonia ʒſs, are ſaid to form the celebrated remedy known under the name of *Steers's Opodeldoc.*

LĬNĬMENTUM

LĬNĬMENTUM SIMPLEX. *E. (Ol. olivæ partes quatuor; ceræ albæ partem unam.)* Softening, healing to chaps, &c.

LĪNUM, (i, n.) *semen.* Flax,—the seed is called linseed. Emollient, demulcent. In infusion ʒj to water ℔j. In poultice emollient, resolvent. See *Ol.*

LIQUOR (ōris, m.) VOLATĬLIS CORNU CERVI. *(Olim, Spir. cornu cervi.)* Stimulant, diaphoretic, antispasmodic, gt. xx ad ʒj, or more. Of this gt. x are reckoned to contain gr. j of the salt.

LITHARGŸRUS, (i, m.) Litharge. See *Aq. & Empl.*

LIXĪVA VITRĬŎLĀTA SULPHURĔA. *E. (Olim, Sal polycrest.)* Cooling, aperient, gr. xv ad ʒss.

LOBELĬA, (æ, f.) *radix.* Blue cardinal-flower. *E.* Cathartic, antisyphilitic. This plant the American Indians consider as a specific in lues.—Of a decoction made with a handful of the dried roots in ℔xij of water boiled to ℔viij, half a pint is taken twice a day, then three times a day, & at last four times a day; unless its purgative effects become too violent, in which case the medicine is intermitted for a day or two, and then renewed till a cure is accomplished.

LUJŬLA, (æ, f.) *folium.* Woodsorrel. Acid, cooling, restringent, juice ʒss ad ʒiss. See *Conf.*

MACIS, (ĭdis, f.) Mace. Stimulant, carminative, stomachic, gr. x ad ℈j.

MAGNESĬA ALBA. Antacid, ℈j ad ʒj.—These doses to children prove also laxative.

MAGNESĬA USTA. Antacid, laxative. Being deprived

prived of carbonic acid, this has twice the ſtrength of the former, and commonly requires plentiful dilution. See *Troch.* Calcined magneſia ℈j, given every three, four, or five hours, with ℥iſs of an infuſion, made with cryſtals of tartar ℥j, tamarinds, manna, each ʒiij, in decoction of barley ℔j, has anſwered the purpoſe, it is ſaid, of a gentle laxative, when other things have failed to ſtay on the ſtomach.

MAGNESĬA VITRĬOLĀTA. *(Olim, Sal cath. amar.)* Mildly cathartic; in colic pains, &c. ℥ſs ad ʒx. The more this is diluted, the leſs is the quantity required to procure the deſired effect. In clyſters laxative ℥iſs, or more.

MAJORĀNA, (æ, f.) *herba.* Sweet marjoram. Stimulant, aromatic, ℈j ad ʒj. Alſo ſternutatory.

MALVA, (æ, f.) *folium, flos.* Common mallow. Emollient, ʒſs ad ʒj, juice of the leaves ℥j ad ℥ij. Alſo in fomentations, poultices, and clyſters.

MANNA, (æ, f.) Gently laxative, ℥ſs ad ℥iſs, or more.

MARRŬBĬUM (i, n.) ALBUM, *herba.* White horehound. Stimulant, tonic, deobſtruent; in cachexy, hyſteria, pituitous aſthmas, &c. ʒſs ad ʒj, expreſſed juice ℥ſs ad ℥iſs, in infuſion half a handful, or more, bis terve die.

MARUM (i, n.) SŸRIĂCUM, *herba.* Herb-maſtich. *L.* Stimulant, ſtomachic, gr. x ad ʒſs. Alſo errhine.

MASTĬCHE, (es, f.) *rĕsīna.* Maſtich. Stimulant, corroborant, balſamic; in old coughs, weakneſſes of the ſtomach, &c. gr. x ad ʒſs, bis terve die. A ſo-

lution of this reſin in oil of turpentine, is ſaid to form an advertiſed remedy for the toothach.

MEL (mellis, n.) DESPUMĀTUM. Attenuant, aperient, ʒij ad ℥j, or more. With ſome conſtitutions freſh honey greatly diſagrees, an inconvenience which is commonly obviated by boiling. It is ſaid, that honey excellently covers the taſte of purging ſalts and waters.

MEL ACETĀTUM. *L. (Mellis deſp.* P. ℔ij; *aceti diſt.* ℔j.) Cooling, expectorant, ʒj ad ʒij. In gargles cooling, detergent.

MEL ROSÆ. *L.* In gargles cooling, detergent. Roſe-honey ℥ſs, muriatic acid gt. xx, or more, compoſe, ſays Van Swieten, an efficacious application for gangrene or ſcorbutic ſoreneſs of the mouth, to be uſed by means of a pencil bruſh, often in the day.

MEL SCILLÆ. *L. (Mellis deſp.* P. ℔iij; *tinct. ſcillæ* ℔ij. Boil to the conſiſtence of a ſyrup.) Aperient, expectorant, detergent, ʒſs ad ʒij.

MELISSA, (æ, f.) *herba.* Balm. Stimulant, corroborant, gr. x ad ℈ij.

MENTHA PIPERĪTIS, (ĭdis.) *herba.* Peppermint. Stimulant, ſtomachic, carminative; in flatulent colics, hyſteric depreſſions, &c. gr. x ad ℈ij. See *Aq. Ol. & Spiritus.*

MENTHA SATĪVA, *herba.* Spearmint. Stimulant, ſtomachic, gr. x ad ʒj. See *Aq. Conſ. Ol. & Spir.*

MEZERĔUM, (i, n.) *radīcis cortex.* Mezereon, or ſpurge-olive. Acrid, ſtimulant, alterative; againſt chronic eruptions, ſcirrhous ſwellings, venereal nodes, &c. gr. j ad gr. x. See *Decoct.* By directing a thin

a thin ſlice to be chewed as often as it could be borne, Dr. Withering relates, that he once cured an alarming difficulty of ſwallowing, ſeemingly ariſing from a paralytic affection.

MILLĔFŎLĬUM, (i, n.) *folia, flores.* Milfoil, or common yarrow. *E.* Tonic, aſtringent, aromatic; in internal hæmorrhages, in diarrhœas, various ſpaſmodic affections, &c. ℈j ad ʒj, in infuſion ʒj ad ʒij, ter quaterve die.

MILLĔPĔDA PRÆPĂRĀTA. Prepared woodlouſe. Diuretic, deobſtruent, ʒj ad ʒij.

MINĬUM (i, n.) Redlead. Aſtringent in plaſters.

MISTŪRA CAMPHORĀTA. *L. (Camph. ʒj; ſpir. vini rect. gt. x; ſacch. pur. ℥ſs; aq. fervent. ℔j.)* Antiſpaſmodic; againſt nervous languors, &c. ʒſs ad ʒij, or more.

MISTŪRA CRETACĔA. *(Cretæ pptæ ʒj; ſacch. pur. gr. xlv; Arab. gum. ʒj; aq. diſt. ʒiv.)* Aſtringent, antacid; in diarrhœas, &c. ʒiſs ad ʒiij.

MISTŪRA MOSCHĀTA. *L. (Aquæ roſæ ʒiij; moſchi ℈j; Arab. gummi, ſacch. pur. ſing. ʒſs.* Rub the muſk with the ſugar, then with the gum, and add the roſe-water gradually.) Diaphoretic, antiſpaſmodic, ʒſs ad ʒiſs, or more.

MŌRUM, (i, n.) Mulberry,—the fruit of the *morus*, mulberry-tree. *L.* Cooling, reſtringent. See *Syr.*

MOSCHUS, (i, m.) *in folliculo prope umbilicum ſito, collectus.* Muſk. Diaphoretic, antiſpaſmodic, gr. v ad ℈j. See *Miſt. & Tinct.* Muſk, prepared ammonia, each gr. x, repeated every three hours, Mr. White has found ſerviceable in caſes of gangrene accom-

panied with or occaſioned by convulſive ſpaſms, or ariſing from local injury producing ſymptoms of irritation, as ſingultus, ſubſultus tendinum, or the like.

Mucilāgo (ĭnis, f.) amўli. *(Amyli ʒiij; aquæ ℔j.)* Demulcent; in diarrhœas, dyſenteries, or teneſmus, ʒiv ad ʒvj, by way of clyſter, with an opiate, occaſionally.

Mucilāgo arabĭci gummi. *(Arab. gum. pulv. ʒiv; aq. diſt. fervent. ʒviij.* Rub the gum with the water, until it is diſſolved.) Demulcent; for coughs, &c. ʒſs, or more.

Mucilāgo semĭnis cydonĭi mali. *L. (Sem. cydon. mali ʒj; aquæ ʒviij.* Boil with a ſlow fire ten minutes, and ſtrain.) Demulcent. Joined with ſyrup of mulberry and a little borax, it is uſeful againſt aphthæ of the mouth and fauces.

Mucilāgo tragăcanthæ. *(Tragacanth. pulv. ʒſs; aq. diſt. ʒx.* Macerate with a gentle heat until the tragacanth is diſſolved.) As this mucilage has more tenacity than mucil. of gum Arab. it would ſeem better adapted for the making of troches, for the ſuſpenſion of mercury, and the like.

Myrīstĭca, (æ, f.) *fructus nŭclĕus*, nux moschāta *dictus*. The nutmeg-tree. Stimulant, aromatic, hypnotic, gr. v ad ʒj. See *Ol. & Spir.*

Myrrha, (æ, f.) *gummi-rĕsīna*. Myrrh. Stimulant, attenuant; in dyſodia pulmonica, &c. gr. x ad ʒij, bis terve die. See *Pulv. & Tinct.* Rubbed with a fifth of camphor, it unites with water, both more readily and with greater permanency. Myrrh.

℥j, prepared kali ʒfs, vitriolated iron gr. xij, compoſe the famous medicine of Dr. Griffith; of which in ſlow hectic caſes, &c. he was wont to begin with a fourth part, thrice a day, and then to increaſe the doſe gradually to a third.

NASTURTĬUM (i, n.) AQUATĬCUM, *herba recens.* Watercreſs. Stimulant, attenuant, aperient, juice ℥j ad ℥ij, bis terve die.

NATRON (i, n.) PRÆPĂRĀTUM. *(Vulgo, Sal ſodæ.)* Antacid, attenuant, gr. x ad ʒfs. Natron ʒij, cinchona ℥j, mucilage of gum Arab. q. s. to form an electuary,—doſe ʒij, bis terve die, in ſcrofula, &c.

NATRON TARTĂRISĀTUM. *(Vulgo, Sal Rupellenſis.)* Mildly cathartic, ʒvj ad ℥iſs. To the taſte this ſalt is leſs nauſeous than almoſt any other neutral.

NATRON VITRĬOLĀTUM. *(Olim, Sal cath. Glaub.)* Cathartic; in habitual coſtiveneſs, bilious colics, &c. ℥ſs ad ℥iſs. A poultice, conſiſting of vitriolated natron ℥j, boiling water ℔ſs, crumbs of bread q. s. Dr. Kirkland employs in thoſe inflammations of the eye, where the ſecretions are deficient.

NICOTIĀNA, (æ, f.) *folium.* Tobacco. Narcotic, diuretic, ſometimes emetic, expectorant, gr. ſs ad gr. v. See *Vinum.* Alſo errhine, ſialogogue. The fume, or ʒſs ad ʒj, or more, infuſed ten minutes in boiling water ℔j, is employed by way of clyſter for conſtipations of the bowels proceeding from ſpaſm, incarcerated hernia, &c. The fume alſo in ſmoking is ſometimes of uſe againſt chronic pains of the bowels, aſthma, worms, &c. and in clyſter againſt that ſpecies of worm called the aſcarides.

NITRUM (i, n.) PURIFICĀTUM. Purified nitre. Refrigerent, diaphoretic, diuretic, gr. v ad ʒſs. See *Troch.* In gargles attenuant, detergent, ʒj in ℥vj.

OLĔUM AMYGDĂLÆ. Emollient, demulcent, ʒiij ad ℥j, in the form of emulſion, repeatedly. To prepare neatly oleaginous emulſions by means of mucilage or yolk of egg, the only things, which demand attention, are, the gradual pouring of the oil to the whole of the uniting medium, ſo that it may be incorporated with this by little and little, and the uſing of water free from adventitious matters. Oil of almonds ℥iv, water of acetated litharge gt. viij, form an uſeful injection to abate inflammation in gonorrhœa.

OLĔUM ANIMĀLE. Diaphoretic, antiſpaſmodic, gt. x ad gt. xl.

OLĔUM ANĪSI ESSENTIĀLE. Stimulant, carminative, gt. v ad gt. xij.

OLĔUM CAMPHORĀTUM. *E. (Ol. olivæ ℥ij; camphoræ ʒſs.* Diſſolve the camphor in the oil.) Externally anodyne, antiſpaſmodic; in retentions of urine, rheumatic and other pains, aſcites, &c.

OLĔUM CARŬI ESSENTIĀLE. *L.* Stimulant, carminative, gt. j ad gt. v.

OLĔUM CARYŎPHĪLLI AROMATĬCI ESSENTIĀLE. *L.* Stimulant, aromatic, gt. iij ad gt. vj.

OLĔUM CINNAMŌMI ESSENTIĀLE. *L.* Stimulant, ſtomachic, gt. j ad gt. iij.

OLĔUM CORNU CERVI. Externally ſtimulant; to benumbed or paralytic limbs.

OLĔUM

Olĕum junipĕri baccæ essentiāle. Stimulant, carminative, ſtomachic, gt. ij ad gt. iv. Diuretic, detergent, gt. vj ad gt. x, or more.

Olĕum lauri baccārum expressum. *E.* Externally anodyne, antiſpaſmodic; againſt rheumatic pains, ſprains, &c.

Olĕum lavendŭlæ essentiāle. Stimulant; in nervous headachs and hyſteric complaints, gt. j ad gt. v.

Olĕum limōnis essentiāle. Stimulant, ſtomachic, gt. ij ad gt. v. Alſo externally in unguents, as a perfume.

Olĕum līni e seminĭeus. Emollient, demulcent, ℥ſs ad ℥j. In clyſters ℥iij ad ℥vj, or more, againſt flatulent colics attended with coſtiveneſs, &c.

Olĕum menthæ piperitĭdis essentiāle. Stimulant, carminative, ſtomachic, gt. j ad gt. iij.

Olĕum menthæ satīvæ essentiāle. Stimulant, carminative, ſtomachic, gt. ij ad gt. v.

Olĕum myrīstĭcæ essentiāle. *(Olim, Oleum nucis moſchatæ.)* Stimulant, aromatic, gt. ij ad gt. v.

Olĕum myrīstĭcæ expressum. *(Vulgo, Oleum macis.)* Externally in plaſters, ſtimulant, antiſpaſmodic.

Olĕum olīvæ. Emollient, demulcent, ʒiij ad ℥j.

Olĕum origăni essentiāle. Acrid, ſtimulant, gt. j ad gt. ij, or more. This, however, is ſeldom employed, except for eaſing the pains of carious teeth, and other external purpoſes.

Olĕum palmæ. *E.* Externally againſt local pains, cramps, ſprains, chilblains, &c.

Olĕum pimentæ essentiāle. *E.* Stimulant, aromatic, gt. iij ad gt. v.

Olĕum pulegĭi essentiāle. Stimulant, antiſpaſmodic, gt. ij ad gt. v.

Olĕum petrolĕi. Stimulant, antiſpaſmodic, gt. x ad gt. xxx. Alſo externally againſt rheumatic pains and paralytic weakneſſes.

Olĕum rĭcĭni e seminĭbus. Mildly and ſpeedily laxative, ʒſs ad ʒj, or more. Taken in a cup of coffee, its offenſive taſte is ſcarcely to be perceived.

Olĕum rōris marīni essentiāle. Stimulant; in nervous complaints, gt. ij ad gt. v.

Olĕum sabīnæ essentiāle. *E.* Stimulant, emmenagogue, gt. iij ad gt. v, or more.

Olĕum sassăfras radīcis essentiāle. Stimulant, ſudorific, gt. ij ad gt. x.

Olĕum sinapĕos. *L.* Emollient, ʒſs ad ʒj.

Olĕum succĭni. Externally ſtimulant; in liniments for weak or paralytic limbs, and rheumatic and ſpaſmodic paiſns.

Olĕum succĭni rectificātum. Stimulant, diuretic, antiſpaſmodic; in hyſterical diſorders, epilepſy, &c. gt. x ad gt. xx, or more.

Olĕum sulphurātum. *(Olim, Bals. ſulph. ſimpl.)* Acrid, ſtimulant; for coughs, &c. gt. x ad gt. xx, bis terve die.

Olĕum terebinthĭnæ. *L.* Externally ſtimulant; againſt rheumatic pains, ſprains, &c. Oil of turpentine ℥j, oil of olive ℥ijſs, vitriolic acid gt. xlv, form an efficacious application for chronic affections of the joints from ſprains or bruiſes.

Olĕum terebinthĭnæ rectificātum. Stimulant, diuretic, ſudorific; in ſciatica and chronic rheumatiſm, gt. x ad ʒj, mixed with four times its quantity of honey, ſemel aut bis die, with plentiful dilution. Alſo againſt paſſive uterine hæmorrhages, gt. x ad gt. xx. Oil of almonds ʒſs, oil of turpentine gt. xl,—of this Mr. Maule directs a little to be dropped into the ear, or applied at the end of a ſmall doſſil of cotton, in caſes of deafneſs occaſioned by defective, or diſeaſed actions of the ceruminous glands.

Olĕum vīni. *L.* Stimulant, anodyne, gt. j ad gt. iv.

Olĭbănum, (i, n.) *gummi-rĕsīna.* Stimulant, balſamic, ℈j ad ℈ij, bis terve die.

Olīva, (æ, f.) *fructus oleum.* The olive-tree. See *Oleum.*

Opĭum purificātum. Anodyne, narcotic, gr. ſs ad gr. ij, or more. See *Elect. Pil. Pulv. & Tinct.* Externally, ſee *Lin.*

Opŏpănax, (ăcis, f.) *gummi-rĕsīna.* Antiſpaſmodic, attenuant, deobſtruent, gr. x ad ʒſs.

Orīgănum, (i, n.) *herba.* Wild marjoram. Stimulant, gr. x ad ℈j. See *Ol.*

OSTRĔÆ TESTA PRÆPĂRĀTA. Prepared oyſter-ſhell. Antacid, abſorbent, ʒſs ad ʒj.

OVUM, (i, n.) Egg. Nutritive, reſtorative. The raw egg, taken three or four times a day, including the yolk and white, has been often ſerviceable in obſtinate jaundice proceeding from viſcid bile or gluten, obſtructing the biliary ducts.

OXŸMEL (mellis, n.) ÆRUGĬNIS. *L. (Ærug. pptæ ʒj; aceti ʒvij; mel. deſp. p. ʒxiv.)* Externally detergent, and to keep down fungous fleſh. When ſufficiently diluted, it ſerves as an uſeful application to ſcrofulous ſores, and is often of ſervice to venereal ulcerations of the mouth and fauces. When employed with this laſt intention, however, great care ſhould be taken, that none of it be ſwallowed.

OXŸMEL COLCHĬCI. *L. (Colch. rec. ʒj; acet. diſt.* ℔j; *mel. deſp. p.* ℔ij. Boil to the conſiſtence of a ſyrup.) Acrid, diuretic; in dropſy, &c. ʒj gradually increaſed to ʒj, or more, bis die. Inſpiſſated juice of elder-berry ʒj, jalap ʒij, ginger ϑij, vitriolated kali ʒiſs, oxymel of meadow-ſaffron ʒiſs, mix and make an electuary;—doſe, ʒij ad ʒvj, in dropſies.

OXŸMEL SCILLÆ. *L. (Mel. deſp. p.* ℔iij; *aceti ſcillæ* ℔ij. Boil to the conſiſtence of a ſyrup.) Expectorant, detergent, ʒſs ad ʒij.

PALMA, (æ, f.) *fructus oleum expreſſum.* The palm-tree. *E.* See *Oleum.*

PAPĀVER (ĕris, n.) ALBUM, *capsŭla.* White poppy. Anodyne, narcotic. See *Extr. & Syr.* Alſo externally in the way of fomentation to inflamed or ulcerated

cerated parts,—dried poppyheads ʒiv, water ℔vj; boil to ℔ij.

PAPĀVER ERRATĬCUM, *flos.* Wild poppy. *L.* Slightly narcotic. See *Syrupus.*

PAREÍRA BRAVA, *radix.* *L.* Detergent, expectorant, diuretic; in ulcerous nephritic and calculous complaints, gr. xv ad ℈ij, in decoction ʒj ad ʒiij, in a pretty large quantity of water, bis terve die. To the taſte this root diſcovers much ſweetneſs, ſome bitterneſs, and a ſlight aſtringency.

PARIETĀRĬA, (æ, f.) *herba.* Pellitory of the wall. Emollient, diuretic, gr. x ad ʒj, or more, juice ʒj ad ʒiij. In cataplaſms emollient, diſcutient.

PENTĂPHŸLLUM, (i, n.) *radix.* Cinque-foil. *L.* Aſtringent, ʒſs ad ʒj, or more. In gargles for the gums, ſtrengthening.

PETROLĔUM, (i, n.) Barbadoes tar. Inwardly, ſee *Ol.* Externally ſtimulant, diſcutient. As a powerful diſſolver of thickened lymph in diſeaſes of the hip and other joints, Dr. Kirkland adviſes Barbadoes tar ʒiſs, united with water of pure ammonia ʒſs.

PETROLĔUM SULPHURĀTUM. (*Flor. ſulph.* ʒiv; *ol. petrolei,* p. ʒxxvj. Boil till they unite into a maſs.) Stimulant, balſamic, gt. v ad gt. xx, bis terve die.

PETRŌSĔLĪNUM, (i, n.) *radix, ſemen.* Parſley. Root nutritive, aperient, diuretic: ſeed ſtimulant, carminative, diuretic, ℈j ad ℈ij.

PILŬLÆ ALŎËS COMPOSĬTÆ. (*Aloes ſoc.* ʒj; *extr. gentianæ* ʒſs; *ol. carui eſſent.* ℈ij; *ſyr. zingib. q. s.*) Purgative, ſtomachic, gr. x ad gr. xxv.

PILŬLÆ

PILŬLÆ ALŎËS CUM MYRRHA. *(Aloes ſoc. ℥ij; myrrhæ, croci, ſing. ℥j; ſyr. croci q. s.)* Laxative, ſtomachic, gr. x ad ℈j.

PILŬLÆ CUPRI. *E. (Cupri ammoniaci gr. xvj; micæ panis ℈iv; aq. ammoniæ q. s.* Make a maſs to be divided into thirty-two pills.) For their virtues and doſe, ſee *Cuprum ammoniacum.*

PILŬLÆ GALBĂNI COMPOSĬTÆ. *(Galbani, opopanacis, myrrhæ, ſagapeni, ſing. ℥j; aſæ fætidæ ℥ſs; ſyr. croci q. s.)* Stimulant, antiſpaſmodic, emmenagogue; in hyſterical, hypochondriacal and other nervous complaints, gr. x ad ʒſs, bis terve die.

PILŬLÆ HYDRARGŸRI. *(Hydrarg. pur. P. ʒij; conſ. roſæ rubræ ʒiij; pulv. glycyrrh. ʒj.)* Alterative, antivenereal, &c. gr. v ad gr. xv, or more, bis terve die.

PILŬLÆ HYDRARGŸRI MURIĀTI MITIS, SIVE CALOMĔLĂNOS COMPOSĬTÆ. *E. (Hydrarg. muriati mitis, ſulphuris antimonii præcipitati, ſing. ʒiij; extr. gentianæ, ſaponis, ſing. ʒj.* Grind the mild muriated quickſilver with the precipitated ſulphur of antimony, that they may be intimately mixed; then add the extract and ſoap, and with ſimple ſyrup form them into a maſs.) Alterative; in chronic eruptions, &c. gr. iij ad gr. x, or more, bis die. A pill of gr. iij, contains little more than gr. j of calomel.

PILŬLÆ OPĬI. *(Opii purif. ʒij; extr. glycyrrh. ℥j.)* Anodyne. Five gr. contain one of opium.

PILŬLÆ RHEI COMPOSĬTÆ. *E. (Rad. rhabarbari ʒij; aloes ſoc. ʒiſs; myrrhæ ʒj; kali vitriolati gr. xv; ol.*

ol. menthæ ſativæ eſſent. gt. viij; ſyr. cort. aurant. q. s.) Laxative, ſtomachic, gr. xv ad ʒſs.

Pilŭlæ scillæ. *(Scill. exſic. ʒj; zingib. ſaponis, ſing. ʒiij; ammon. purif. ʒij; ſyr. zingib. q. s.)* Attenuant, expectorant, diuretic, gr. x ad ℈j, bis terve die. Ten gr. contain about gr. j of dried ſquill.

Pimento, (n. indecl.) *bacca.* Jamaica pepper, or allſpice. Stimulant, aromatic, carminative, gr. v ad ℈j. See *Aq. Ol. & Spiritus.*

Pimpĭnēlla, (æ, f.) *radix.* Burnetſaxifrage, *E.* Acrid, ſtomachic, diuretic, reſolvent; in weakneſſes of the ſtomach from viſcid phlegm, infarctions of the breaſt, dropſy, &c. ℈j ad ʒſs, in infuſion ʒj ad ʒij, bis terve die. Alſo ſialogogue.

Pĭper (ĕris, n.) indĭcum, *capsŭla.* Guineapepper, or capſicum. Stimulant, aromatic; in atonic gout, palſy, &c. gr. v ad gr. x, or more, under the form of pills.

Pĭper longum, *fructus.* Long pepper. Stimulant, aromatic, gr. v ad ℈j. Alſo ſialogogue.

Pĭper nigrum, *bacca.* Black pepper. Similar to the preceding.

Pix (ĭcis, f.) burgundĭca. Burgundy pitch. Externally ſtimulant, anodyne. See *Empl.*

Pix liquĭda. Tar. Stimulant, diaphoretic, diuretic, deobſtruent; in cold, languid phlegmatic habits, ℈j ad ʒj. To make tar-water, mix tar ℔j with water one gallon, ſtir them frequently, and in two days decant off the liquor; which, warm or cold, may be drunk, partitis hauſtibus, from ℔j to ℔ij, daily.

daily. Externally, ſee *Ung.* Tar exſiccated by heat ℥ix, yellow wax ℥ivſs, oil of olive ℔ſs, which compoſe nearly the black baſilicon of the old diſpenſatory, Dr. Kirkland adviſes as a beneficial application to thoſe purple, glaſſy ulcers, in which there exiſts an extraordinary degree of irritability.

PLANTĀGO, (ĭnis, f.) *folia.* Common great plantain. *E.* Subaſtringent, refrigerant, attenuant, diuretic; in phthiſis, hæmoptyſis, hæmatemeſis, &c. juice, ℥j ad ℥ij, bis terve die. Alſo in infuſion.

PRŪNUM (i, n.) GALLĬCUM. French plum,—the fruit of the *prunus gallica*, French plum-tree. Cooling, laxative.

PRŪNUM SYLVESTRE. Sloe,—the fruit of the *prunus ſylveſtris*, the blackthorn or ſloe-buſh. Cooling, aſtringent. See *Conſerva.*

PULEGĬUM, (i, n.) *herba, flos.* Pennyroyal. Stimulant, antiſpaſmodic, expectorant, emmenagogue, gr. x ad ʒij. See *Aq. Ol. & Spir.*

PULSATĪLLA NIGRĬCANS, *herba cum floribus.* Meadow-anemone. *E.* Acrid, ſtimulant, reſolvent. See *Extractum.*

PULVIS ALŎËS CUM CANĒLLA. *L.* (*Aloes ſoc.* ℥iv; *canellæ albæ* ℥j.) Cathartic, deobſtruent, gr. x ad ʒj.

PULVIS ALŎËS CUM FERRO. *L.* (*Aloes ſoc.* ℥ij*ſs*; *myrrhæ* ℥ij; *extr. gentianæ exſic. ferri vitriol. ſing.* ℥j.) Aperient, deobſtruent; in chlorotic cases, &c. gr. v ad gr. x, bis die; or gr. x ad ʒj, or more, every, or every other night.

PULVIS

PULVIS ALŎËS CUM GUĀIĂCO. *L.* (*Aloes ſoc.* ℥iſs; *guaiaci gummi-reſinæ* ℥j; *pulv. aromat.* ℥ſs.) Warm, aperient, laxative; in dyſpeptic and ſpaſmodic complaints of the ſtomach and bowels, gr. x ad ℈j.

PULVIS ALUMĬNIS COMPOSĬTUS. *E.* (*Aluminis* ℥ſs; *kino* ʒj. Rub them together to a fine powder.) Tonic, aſtringent; in uterine hæmorrhages, &c. gr. x ad ʒſs.

PULVIS ANTIMONIĀLIS. Febrifuge, ſudorific, gr. v ad gr. x, or more. Alterative, diaphoretic, gr. j ad gr. iij.

PULVIS AROMATĬCUS. (*Cinnam.* ℥ij; *ſem. cardam. zingib. piperis longi, ſing.* ℥j.) Stimulant, carminative, ſtomachic, gr. v ad gr. x, or more.

PULVIS ASĂRI COMPOSĬTUS. (*Aſari, majoranæ, mari Syriaci, lavend. ſing. exſic.* ℥j.) Errhine, gr. v ad ℈j. This preparation is equal to any of the powders ſold under the name of *Herb Snuff*.

PULVIS CERŪSSÆ COMPOSĬTUS. *L.* (*Ceruſſæ* ℥v; *ſarcocollæ* ℥iſs; *tragacanthæ* ℥ſs.) Externally cooling, aſtringent; in collyria, lotions, and injections, ʒj in ℥iv. Comp. powder of ceruſe ℈j, vitriolated zinc gr. vj, roſe-water ℥iv, form an injection, which is ſucceſsfully uſed in the inflammatory ſtage of gonorrhœa.

PULVIS CHELĀRUM CANCRI COMPOSĬTUS. *L.* (*Cancri chelar. præp.* ℥iv; *cretæ pptæ, corallii rubri, ſing.* ℥j.) Antacid, aſtringent, ʒſs ad ʒiſs.

PULVIS CONTRAYĒRVÆ COMPOSĬTUS. *L.* (*Contrayervæ* ℥v; *pulv. chelar. cancri comp.* ℔iſs.) Stimulant, diaphoretic, ℈j ad ℈ij, or more.

PULVIS

Pulvis crētæ compositus. *L. (Cretæ pptæ* ℔ß*ſs; cinnam.* ʒiv*; tormentillæ, Arab. gummi, ſing.* ʒiij*; piperis longi* ʒ*ſs.)* Aſtringent, ſtomachic, carminative, ℈j ad ℈ij.

Pulvis crētæ compositus cum opĭo. *L. (Pulv. cretæ comp.* ʒviij*; opii* ziſs.*)* Aſtringent, ſtomachic, carminative, gr. xv ad ℈ij. Two ſcr. contain nearly gr. j of opium.

Pulvis ipecacŭanhæ compositus, *(Ipecac. opii, ſing.* ʒj*; kali vitriol.* ʒj.*)* Sudorific; in rheumatiſms, dropſy, &c. gr. vj ad gr. xv.

Pulvis jalappæ compositus. *E. (Rad. jalapii* ʒj*; tartari cryſtallorum* ʒij. Mix, and diligently grind them together for ſome time, ſo as to form a very fine powder.) Purgative, ℈j ad ℈ij, or more.

Pulvis myrrhæ compositus. *L. (Myrrhæ, ſabinæ, rutæ, caſtorei Ruſs. ſing.* ʒj.*)* Stimulant, antiſpaſmodic, emmenagogue; in uterine obſtructions and hyſterical diſorders, gr. xv ad ℈ij, bis terve die.

Pulvis opiātus. *L. (Opii* ʒj*; cornu cervi uſti* zix.*)* Anodyne, abſorbent, gr. v ad gr. x, or more.

Pulvis scammōnĭi compositus. *(Scam. extr. jalapii, ſing.* ʒij*; zingib.* ʒ*ſs.)* Cathartic, gr. x ad gr. xv.

Pulvis scammōnĭi cum alŏë. *L. (Scam.* ʒvj*; extr. julapii, aloes ſoc. ſing.* ʒiſs*; zingib.* ʒ*ſs.)* Cathartic, gr. x ad gr. xv.

Pulvis scammōnĭi cum calomĕlăne. *L. (Scam.* ʒ*ſs; calomel. ſacch. pur. ſing.* ʒij.*)* Cathartic, vermifuge, gr. x ad ℈j. Four gr. contain one of calomel.

Pulvis

PULVIS SENNÆ COMPOSĬTUS. *L. (Sennæ, tartari cryſtal. ſing. ʒij; ſcammonii ʒſs; zingib. ʒij.)* Cathartic, ℈j ad ʒj.

PULVIS TRAGĂCANTHÆ COMPOSĬTUS. *L. (Tragacanth. Arab. gummi, amyli, ſing. ʒiſs; ſacch. pur. ʒiij.)* Demulcent; in hectic caſes, tickling coughs, ſtrangury, &c. ʒſs ad ʒiſs.

PYRĒTHRUM, (thri, n,) *radix*. Pellitory of Spain. Acrid, ſtimulant, attenuant; in paralytic and other complaints, gr. iij ad ℈j, bis, ter, quaterve die. Alſo errhine, ſialogogue. In gargles for loſs of ſpeech, palſies of the tongue, &c.—ʒſs ad ʒj boiled in water ℔j to ℔ſs.

QUASSĬA, (æ, f.) *lignum, cortex, radix*. Tonic, ſtomachic, gr. v ad ℈j, or ʒj ad ʒij, or more, of an infuſion made by macerating ʒij, an hour or two, in boiling water ℔j.

QUERCUS, (ûs, f.) *cortex*. The oak. Strongly aſtringent, gr. xv ad ʒiſs, or ʒj ad ʒij of an infuſion made with ʒj to boiling water ℔j. Such as are liable to be affected with cynanche from a ſlight application of cold, ſays Dr. Cullen, may often prevent or ſoon remove the diſeaſe, by gargling with a ſtrong decoction or infuſion of oak-bark, to ℔j of which ʒſs of alum and ʒij of brandy are added.

RADIX (īcis, f.) INDĬCA LOPEZIĀNA. *E.* Tonic, ſtomachic; in phthiſical diarrhœas, &c. ℈j ad ℈ij, ter quaterve die.

RĂPHĂNUS (i, m.) RUSTICĀNUS, *radix*. Horſeradiſh. Stimulant, attenuant, diuretic, ℈j ad ʒj. Alſo

ſialogogue. Hoarſeneſs, ſays Dr. Cullen, has been often ſpeedily removed, when depending on the interrupted ſecretion of the mucus of the fauces, by ſyrup of horſeradiſh, a tea-ſpoonful or two being ſwallowed leiſurely and often.—Freſh root ſcraped ʒj, boiling water ℥iv, macerate two hours; to the ſtrained liquor add double its weight of ſugar, and make a ſyrup. According to Dr. Withering, an infuſion of horſeradiſh in milk makes one of the ſafeſt and beſt coſmetics.

Resīna flava. Yellow roſin. Externally, ſee *Cerat. & Ung.*

Rhabarbărum, (i, n.) *radix.* Rhubarb. Purgative, aſtringent, ſtomachic, gr. x ad ʒij. See *Infuſ. Pil. Tinct. & Vin.* Alſo externally to promote the granulation and healing of ulcers, ſprinkled once or twice a day: ſhould it prove too irritating, the addition of a ninth part opium may be uſefully made.

Rhŏdŏdēndron, (dri, n.) *folia. E.* Acrid, narcotic, tonic, ſubaſtringent; in rheumatiſm, gout, &c. gr. v ad gr. x, or more, bis terve die; or ziſs ad ʒij infuſed for a night in boiling water ℥ix, every morn, drinking nothing after it for ſome time.

Ribes (is, n.) nigrum, *fructus.* Black currant. *L.* Subacid, cooling. See *Succus, & Syrupus.*

Ribes rubrum, *fructus.* Red currant. *L.* Subacid, cooling.

Rĭcĭnus, (i, m.) *ſemen.* Palma Chriſti. See *Oleum.* The ſeed itſelf, in the quantity even of a few grains, operates too violently for exhibition.

Rosa damascēna, *petălum*. The damaſk roſe. Laxative, aromatic, ℈j ad ʒj. See *Syr.*

Rosa rubra, *petălum*. The red roſe. Subaſtringent, ℈j ad ʒj. See *Conſ. Infuſ. Mel, & Syr.*

Ros (ōris, m.) marīnus, *cacūmen, flos*. Roſemary. Stimulant, antiſpaſmodic; againſt nervous headachs, ſinkings, &c. gr. x ad ℈ij, in infuſion ʒj ad ʒiſs. See *Ol. & Spir.*

Rŭbĭa, (æ, f.) *radix*. Madder. Aſtringent, aperient, diuretic, emmenagogue, ʒſs ad ℈ij, or more, ter quaterve die.

Rubus (i, m.) idæus, *fructus*. The raſpberry-buſh. *L.* Grateful, cooling. See *Syr.*

Rūta, (æ, f.) *herba*. Rue. Tonic, attenuant, diuretic, antiſpaſmodic, gr. xv ad ℈ij. See *Extr.*

Sabīna, (æ, f.) *folium*. Savin. Stimulant, antiſpaſmodic, aperient, diuretic; in cold phlegmatic habits, gr. xv ad ℈ij, bis terve die. See *Extr. Ol. & Tinct.* Externally eſcharotic; to venereal warts, condylomata, &c. with or without an equal proportion of verdigriſe, ſprinkled once a day.

Sacchărum non purificātum. Brown ſugar. Nutritive, attenuant, laxative.

Sacchărum purificātum. Double-refined ſugar. Nutritive. Externally eſcharotic.

Sagapēnum, (i, n.) *gummi-reſina*. Aperient, deobſtruent, antiſpaſmodic; in hyſteric caſes, palſies, &c. gr. v ad ʒſs, ter die.

Sal (ſalis, m. vel n.) ammōnĭăcus. Aperient,

diaphoretic, diuretic, gr. x ad ʒſs. Externally in fomentations diſcutient, reſolvent, ʒj in ſome appropriate liquor ℔ij. As a diſcutient lotion, ſal ammoniac ʒſs, vinegar, rect. ſpir. each ℔j, have been advantageouſly employed. Soap ʒij, litharge-plaſter ʒſs, ſal amm. ʒj, compoſe the volatile plaſter of Dr. Kirkland; from which, it ſeems, in chronic enlargements of the knee and elbow joints, or what have been termed cold tumours, he has ſeen aſtoniſhing good effects.—The litharge-plaſter and ſoap are to be melted together, and, when nearly cold, the ſal ammoniac powdered is to be ſtirred in.

Sal cornu cervi. Stimulant, diaphoretic, antiſpaſmodic, gr. v ad gr. xv, or more.

Sal succĭni purificātus. Aperient, diuretic, antiſpaſmodic; in hyſteric and hypochondriacal affections attended with anxiety and ſinking of ſpirits, gr. v ad ℈j, bis, ter, quaterve die. To the taſte this ſalt is penetrating, acid, and ſubaſtringent.

Sal muriātĭcus. Common ſalt. Stimulant, cathartic. In clyſters ſtimulant, purgative, ʒij ad ʒſs.

Sălix, (ĭcis, f.) *ramulōrum cortex*. The willow. *E*. Tonic, aſtringent; in intermittents, &c. ℈ij ad ʒj.

Salvĭa, (æ, f.) *folium*. Sage. Stimulant, diaphoretic, ſtomachic, gr. xv ad ℈ij. In gargles detergent. This plant, ſays Van Swieten, is uſeful in reſtraining the too long continued and weakening flow of milk from the breaſts of nurſes, after the weaning of children.

Sambūcus,

SAMBŪCUS, (i, f.) *cortex interior, flos, bacca.* Common elder. Bark cathartic, hydragogue; in dropsies, &c. gr. v ad ℈j, in infusion ʒj per diem, expressed juice ʒj ad ʒfs pro dosi. Flowers in fomentations discutient. See *Ung.* Berries aperient, deobstruent. See *Succus.*

SANGUIS (ĭnis, m.) DRACŌNIS, *resīna.* Dragons-blood. Astringent, gr. x ad ℈ij. Externally in plasters, corroborant.

SANTĂLUM CITRĬNUM, *lignum.* Yellow sanders. *E.* Tonic, stimulant, aromatic, ℈j ad ʒj.

SANTĂLUM RUBRUM, *lignum.* Red sanders. This is principally used as a colouring drug; it imparts a strong red colour to spirits only.

SANTONĬCUM, (i, n.) *cacūmen.* Wormseed. Subacrid, tonic, stomachic, vermifuge, ʒfs ad ʒj, bis die. Wormseed, tansy-flowers, each ʒj, vitriolated iron ℈j, form an approved composition for worms;—dose, gr. x ad ʒfs, bis terve die.

SAPO, (ōnis, m.) Soap. Aperient, diuretic, detergent, gr. x ad ʒfs, bis terve die. Lithontriptic, ʒfs ad ʒj, daily.

SARCŎCŌLLA, (æ, f.) *gummi-resīna. L.* Tonic, gr. xv ad ʒfs. Externally to wounds and ulcers, conglutinating.

SARSAPARILLA, (æ, f.) *radix.* Alterative, diaphoretic; in powder ℈j ad ʒj, or more, ter die. See *Decoct.*

SASSĂFRAS, (n. indecl.) *lignum, radix, ejusque cortex.*

tex. Stimulant, aperient, diaphoretic, ℈j ad ʒj, in decoction or infuſion ʒſs ad ʒj, bis die.

SĂTŸRĬON, (i, n.) *radix.* Orchis. *E.* Nutritive, demulcent; in diarrhœas, dyſentery, dyſury, hectic fever from abſorption of pus, &c. A preparation of this root forms the ſalep of the ſhops.

SCAMMŌNĬUM, (i, n.) *gummi-resīna.* Scammony. Cathartic, gr. v ad gr. xv, well triturated with an equal proportion of cryſtals of tartar, ſugar, or the like. See *Elect. & Pulv.*

SCILLA, (æ, f.) *radix.* Squill, or ſeaonion. Acrid, expectorant, diuretic, freſh ſquill gr. v ad gr. xv, dried ſquill gr. j ad gr. iij, bis terve die. When larger doſes are given, it proves commonly emetic, ſometimes cathartic. See *Conſ. Mel, Oxym. Pil. Tinct. & Syr.*

SCOLOPENDRĬUM, (i, n.) *herba.* Hartstongue. *E.* Mucilaginous, aſtringent; in viſceral obſtructions, &c. ʒſs ad ʒj, ter die.

SCORDĪUM, (i, n.) *herba.* Water-germander. Tonic, diaphoretic; in malignant fevers attended with laxity of the bowels, &c. ℈j ad ʒj, or more.

SENĔKA, (æ, f.) *radix.* Rattleſnake-root. Acrid, diaphoretic, diuretic, cathartic, ℈j ad ʒſs, bis, ter, quaterve die. See *Decoct.*

SENNA, (æ, f.) *folium.* Cathartic, ℈j ad ʒj. See *Elect. Extr. Infuſ. Pulv. & Tinct.*

SERPENTĀRĬA VIRGINIĀNA, *radix.* Snakeroot. Tonic, aromatic, ſtimulant, diaphoretic; in low fevers, atonic gout, mortifications, &c. gr. x ad ʒſs, in

in decoction or infuſion ʒſs ad ʒj, or more. See *Tinct.*

SERPȳLLUM, (i, n.) *ſummitātes florentes.* Wild or mother of thyme. *E.* Stimulant, aromatic, antiſpaſmodic, gr. x ad ℈ij.

SĒVUM OVĪLLUM PRÆPĂRĀTUM. Mutton-ſuet. Boiled in milk, this is ſometimes uſed in diarrhœas of the chronic kind. Alſo externally in unguents.

SIMAROŪBA, (æ, f.) *cortex.* Tonic, ſtomachic; in the laſt ſtage of dyſentery, in diarrhœas from abſorption of pus, habitual colics with bloody ſtools, &c. gr. x ad ʒſs pro doſi, or ʒij ad ʒiij boiled in water ℔iſs to ℥xij, per diem. This bark Dr. Cullen conſiders in the light only of a ſimple bitter.

SINĀPI, (n. indecl.) *ſemen.* Muſtard. Stimulant, attenuant; in paralytic and rheumatic complaints, &c. ʒj ad ℥ſs, whole or only ſlightly bruiſed, bis die. To make muſtard-whey, of which a tea cupful is uſually taken for a doſe, boil ℔ij of milk till it curdles, with two or three table-ſpoonfuls of the ſeed newly bruiſed, and ſtrain. Externally, ſee *Catapl.*

SĪUM, (i, n.) *herba.* Water-parſnep. *L.* Diuretic, antiſcorbutic; in chronic eruptions, juice ℥ij, or more, bis die, with milk, which makes it leſs nauſeous to the taſte.

SODA (æ, f.) PHOSPHŎRĀTA. *E.* Mildly cathartic, ℥ſs ad ʒj, or more, diſſolved in a baſon of broth, beef tea, or the like. Thus taken, it is ſaid to be not unpleaſant to the palate, having much the ſame flavour as common ſalt.

Sperma (ătis, n.) cēti. Emollient, demulcent; in pains and eroſions of the inteſtines, coughs, &c. ʒſs ad ʒiſs. Externally, ſee *Cerat. & Ung.*

Spigēlĭa, (æ, f.) *radix.* Indian pink. Sedative, laxative, anthelmintic; in low remittent worm-fevers, &c. to children of four or five years old, gr. viij ad gr. xij, in infuſion ℈j, or more; to adults, in powder ʒſs ad ℈ij, in decoction or infuſion ziſs or more, bis die. Should it fail to produce a laxative effect, a purge with calomel ought to be occaſionally interpoſed.

Spīna cervīna, *bacca.* Buckthorn. Cathartic, juice ʒſs ad ʒj. See *Syr.*

Spirĭtus (us, m.) æthĕris nitrōsi. *(Olim, Spir. nitri dulcis.)* Febrifuge, diuretic, antiſpaſmodic, gt. xx ad ʒj, or more. United with a ſmall quantity of ſpirit of ammonia, it is ſaid to be diaphoretic, and often notably diuretic.—It is good alſo againſt nephritic & colic pains, joined with oil of almonds ʒſs.

Spirĭtus æthĕris vitrĭolĭci. *(Olim, Spir. vitrĭŏli dulcis.)* Diaphoretic, diuretic, antiſpaſmodic, ℈j ad ziſs, or more. Spir. of vitriolic ether ʒj, decoction of barley ʒvj, ſyrup of marſhmallow ʒſs, form a good diſcutient gargle in caſes of ſlight inflammation of the fauces.

Spirĭtus æthĕris vitrĭolĭci aromatĭcus. *E. (Cort. cinnam* ʒvj; *fem. cardam.* ʒj; *rad. angelicæ* ziij; *piperis longi* ʒij; *ſpir. ætheris vitriolici, p.* ibiſs. Macerate ſeven days, in a cloſe veſſel, and when the faces have ſubſided, pour off the clear.) Stimulant, ſtomachic, gt. xx ad lx, or more.

Spirĭtus

Spirĭtus æthĕris vitrĭolĭci compositus. *L. (Spir. ætheris vitriol.* P. ℔ij ; *ol. vini,* P. ʒiij.) This is ſuppoſed to be the *Liquor anodynus mineralis* of Hoffman; and, in doſes of from ʒſs to ʒiſs, is given in hyſteric, arthritic and other painful complaints.

Spirĭtus ammonĭæ. *(Olim, Spir. ſalis amm. dulcis.)* Stimulant, attenuant, diaphoretic, antiſpaſmodic, gt. xv ad gt. lx, or more. Of this, which conſiſts of rectified ſpirit and ammonia, gt. xv contains ſcarcely gr. j of the ſalt.

Spirĭtus ammonĭæ compositus. *(Spir. ammon.* ℔ij ; *ol. limonis eſſent.—caryoph. aromat. eſſ. ſing.* P. ʒij.) Stimulant, ſudorific, antiſpaſmodic, gt. xv ad lx, or more.

Spirĭtus ammonĭæ fœtĭdus. *(Olim, Spir. volat. fœtidus.)* Stimulant, antiſpaſmodic; in ſpaſmodic aſthmas, gout in the ſtomach or bowels, &c. gt. xxx ad ʒj, or more.

Spirĭtus ammonĭæ succinātus. *L. (Alkoholis,* P. ℥j ; *aq. ammoniæ puræ* ℥iv ; *ol. ſuccini rect.* P. ♏j ; *ſaponis gr. x.)* This, under the name of *Eau de luce*, is principally uſed for ſmelling to in lowneſſes and faintings. As a powerful ſtimulant and diaphoretic, however, it is ſometimes given internally from gt. xv to gt. lx, on the ſudden ſubſiding of exanthemata, and receding of arthritic appearances from the extremities.

Spirĭtus anīsi compositus. *L. (Sem. aniſi,—angelicæ, ſing.* ℔ſs ; *ſpir. vin. ten. cong. j.)* Stimulant, carminative, ſtomachic, ʒij ad ℥j, or more.

Spirĭtus

Spirĭtus camphorātus. (*Camph.* ℥iv; *ſpir. vini rect.* ℔ij.) Externally againſt rheumatic pains, paralytic numbneſſes, tumours, gangrene, ſprains, &c. It is ſaid to be efficacious alſo in checking an incipient whitlow, a linen compreſs being made wet with it, and thus kept conſtantly applied.

Spirĭtus carŭi,—cinnamōmi. Of either ʒij ad ℥j, or more.

Spirĭtus junĭpĕri composĭtus. (*Bac. junip.* ℔j; *ſem. carui,—fœnic. dulc. ſing.* ℥iſs; *ſpir. vin. ten. cong. j.*) Stimulant, carminative, ʒij ad ʒvj, or more.

Spirĭtus lavendŭlæ. Uſed principally as a perfume.

Spirĭtus lavendŭlæ composĭtus. (*Spir. lavend.* ℔iij;—*roriſmarini* ℔j; *cinnam. nuc. fruct. myriſt. ſing.* ℥ſs; *ſantali rubri* ℥j.) Stimulant, antiſpaſmodic; againſt nervous languors, &c. ʒſs ad ʒij.

Spirĭtus menthæ piperitĭdis,—menthæ satīvæ, *L.*—myrīstĭcæ,—pimēnto,—pulegĭi. *L.* Of theſe ſeverally ʒij ad ℥j, or more.

Spirĭtus răphăni composĭtus. *L.* (*Raph. ruſt. cort. aurant. exſic. ſing.* ℔ij; *cochleariæ rec.* ℔iv; *nuc. fruct. myriſt.* ℥j; *ſpir. vin. ten. cong. ij.*) Stimulant, antiſcorbutic, ʒiij ad ℥j.

Spirĭtus rōrismarīni. This, it is ſaid, diluted with water, removes ſunburnings of the ſkin. Sal ammoniac ℥iij, water, ſpirit of roſemary, each ℔j, Mr. Juſtamond recommends for removing coagulation of the milk in the breaſts of women after lying-in,

in, uſed a little warm by means of cloths made wet with it, and applied conſtantly.

Spirĭtus vinōsus rectificātus. Stimulant, ʒſs ad ʒij. Of this 100 parts contain 95 of alkohol, and 5 of diſtilled water. Externally rectified ſpirit, joined with as much camphor as it will diſſolve, is uſeful in thoſe inflammations of the hands or feet, termed chilblains.

Spirĭtus vinōsus tenuĭor. Proof-ſpirit. This, it appears, has little more than half the ſtrength of the former, 100 parts containing 55 of alkohol, and 45 of diſtilled water.

Spongĭa, (æ, f.) Sponge. Externally to ſtop hæmorrhages. When uſed as a tent for dilating wounds and ulcers, it is previouſly dipped in melted wax, and the wax ſqueezed out of it in a preſs.

Spongĭa usta. Antacid, abſorbent; in ſcrofulous complaints, &c. ʒſs ad ʒj, or more, bis terve die. In bronchocele burnt ſponge has ſometimes proved effectual, ℈j or ʒſs being made into a lozenge, and held under the tongue till diſſolved, and then ſwallowed, every night, for ſome weeks.

Stanni pulvis. Powder of tin. Anthelmintic, to children gr. x ad ℈ij, to adults ʒj ad ʒij, or more, bis terve die; a mercurial cathartic being occaſionally interpoſed.

Staphisāgrĭa, (æ, f.) *ſemen*. Staveſacre. Acrid, emetic, cathartic, gr. iij ad gr. x. Alſo externally againſt the itch, vermin, &c. When employed for the

the deſtruction of pediculi, it is beſt applied, mixed in a ſmall proportion with hair-powder.

STRAMŌNĬUM, (i, n.) *herba*. Thornapple. *E.* Narcotic; in mania, epilepſy, and various other ſpaſmodic diſeaſes, in powder gr. j ad gr. x, inſpiſſated juice gr. ¼ ad gr. iij, bis terve die.

STYRAX (ăcis, m. vel f.) PURIFICĀTA, *reſīna*. Stimulant, balſamic, gr. x ad ʒſs. Alſo externally, joined with a double proportion of black baſilicon, (ſee *Pix liq.*) againſt paralytic numbneſſes, and debility of the limbs following rickets.

SUCCĬNUM PRÆPĂRĀTUM. Prepared amber. Antiſpaſmodic, corroborant, ℈j ad ʒj. See *Oleum & Sal.*

SUCCUS (i, m.) ACONĪTI SPISSĀTUS. *E.* Gr. ¼ ad gr. iij, or more, bis terve die. For its virtues and uſes, ſee *Aconitum*.

SUCCUS BACCÆ SAMBŪCI SPISSĀTUS. Aperient, deobſtruent, ʒſs ad ʒiſs. Diluted with water, it is often uſed with advantage in common colds.

SUCCUS BELLADONNÆ SPISSĀTUS. *E.* Gr. ¼ ad gr. iij, or more, bis terve die. For its virtues and uſes, ſee *Belladonna*.

SUCCUS CICŪTÆ SPISSĀTUS. (*Vulgo, Extr. cicutæ.*) Narcotic, alterative, reſolvent; in ſcrofula, periodic headachs, &c. Begin with gr. iij, twice or thrice a day, and then increaſe the doſe gradually according to its effects. Patients in general, ſays Dr. Cullen, will bear a greater doſe at night than at noon, and at noon than in the morning.

SUCCUS

Succus cochleāriæ composĭtus. (*Suc. cochl. hort.* ℔ij;—*beccabungæ*,—*naſturtii aquat. ſing.* ℔j;—*aurant. Hiſp.* ℥xx.) Stimulant, attenuant, aperient, diuretic; in cutaneous defædations, &c. ℥j ad ℥iv, bis terve die.

Succus hyoscyămi spissātus. *E.* In chordees reſiſting the uſe of opium, &c. gr. j ad gr. v, or more, bis terve die. In puerperal mania, &c. gr. iij ad gr. xv, or more.—For its further uſes and qualities, ſee *Hyoſcyamus*.

Succus lactūcæ virōsæ spissātus. *E.* Narcotic, aperient, diuretic; in dropſies proceeding from viſceral obſtructions, &c. gr. iij ad ℈j, or more, bis terve die. By gradually increaſing the doſe, Dr. Collin, of Vienna, has given it to the extent even of ʒiij, in twenty-four hours.

Succus limōnis spissātus. *L.* Cooling, antiſeptic; to allay heat and thirſt in bilious inflammatory diſorders, ʒj ad ʒij, ad libitum.

Succus ribis nigri spissātus. *L.* Subacid, cooling, ℥ſs ad ℥j. Alſo to moiſten the mouth and fauces with, in ſore throats and fevers.

Sulphur (ŭris, n.) antimonĭi præcipitātum. Alterative, diaphoretic, gr. j ad gr. iv, bis terve die. See *Pilulæ*.

Sulphŭris flores. Cathartic, diaphoretic. But the waſhed flowers of ſulphur, and the ſubſequent preparation only are ſuited for internal uſe. Externally antipſoric. See *Ung*.

Sulphur præcipitātum. *L.* Laxative, diapho-

retic,

retic, ʒj ad ʒiij. A lotion, ſays Mr. Bell, conſiſting of precipitated ſulphur ʒij, acetated ceruſe ϑj, roſe-water ℥viij, uſed night and morn, has proved often effectual in curing that herpetic eruption in the face, to which ſome perſons, eſpecially females, are liable.

Syrūpus acēti. *E. (Aceti vini, p.* ℔*ijſs; ſacch. purif.* ℔*iijſs.* Boil ſo as to form a ſyrup.) Cooling, antiſeptic, ʒj ad ʒiij.

Syrūpus althææ. Emollient, demulcent; againſt tickling coughs, &c. ʒj ad ʒiij, or more.

Syrūpus caryŏphīlli rubri. Aromatic, ʒj ad ʒij. This is chiefly valued on account of its fine red colour, which however is deſtructible by alkaline ſalts.

Syrūpus colchĭci. *E. (Rad. colchici recentis, ſuculentæ, in fruſta tenuia ſectæ,* ℥*j; aceti, p.* ℥*xvj; ſacch. purif.* ℥*xxvj.* Macerate the root in the vinegar two days, now and then ſhaking the veſſel; then ſtrain it with a gentle preſſure; to the ſtrained liquor add the ſugar, and boil a little, ſo as to form a ſyrup.) Acrid, diuretic; in dropſy, &c. ʒj gradually increaſed to ℥j, or more, bis die.

Syrūpus cortĭcis aurantĭi. Stomachic, ʒj ad ʒij, or more.

Syrūpus croci. *L.* Cordial, ʒj ad ʒij, or more. —This gives a fine colour to julaps.

Syrūpus limōnis succi. *(Succi limon.* ℔*ij; ſacch. purif.* ℥*l.)* Cooling, in bilious inflammatory diſorders, gaſtritis, &c. ʒj ad ʒiij.

Syrūpus

SYRŪPUS MŌRI, *L.*—RIBIS NIGRI, *L.*—RUBI IDÆI. *L.* Grateful, cooling, ʒj ad ʒſs. Sheathed with ſome mucilaginous fluid, theſe are uſeful for ſoreneſs of the mouth and tonſils.

SYRŪPUS PAPAVĔRIS ALBI. *(Olim, Syr. e meconio.)* Anodyne, hypnotic, to children ʒj ad ʒij, to adults ʒſs ad ʒj, or more. One oz. is eſteemed equal to gr. j of opium.

SYRŪPUS PAPAVĔRIS ERRATĬCI. *L.* Slightly anodyne, ʒj ad ʒiij, or more.

SYRŪPUS ROSÆ. To children laxative, ʒij ad ʒſs.

SYRŪPUS ROSĀRUM RUBRĀRUM. *E. (Petalorum roſæ rubræ ſic. ʒvij; aquæ bullientis,* P. ℔v; *ſacch. purif.* ℔vj. Infuſe the roſes in the water for a night, then boil them a little; ſtrain out the liquor, and adding to it the ſugar, boil them to the conſiſtence of a ſyrup.) Subaſtringent, ʒj ad ʒij. It is chiefly valued on account of its fine red colour.

SYRŪPUS SCILLITĬCUS. *E. (Aceti ſcillæ,* P. ℔ij; *ſacch. purif.* ℔iijſs. Diſſolve the ſugar with a gentle heat, ſo as to form a ſyrup.) Expectorant, diuretic, ʒj ad ʒij, or more.

SYRŪPUS SIMPLEX, SIVE COMMŪNIS. *E. (Sacch. purif. partes xv; aquæ partes viij.* Let the ſugar be diſſolved by a gentle heat, and boil a little, ſo as to form a ſyrup.)

SYRŪPUS SPĪNÆ CERVĪNÆ. Cathartic, ʒſs ad ʒiſs. Except in clyſters, this is now ſeldom employed.

SYRŪPUS TOLUTĀNUS. *(Vice Syr. balſam.)* Balſamic; for coughs, &c. ʒj ad ʒiij.

SYRŪPUS

SYRŪPUS VIŎLÆ. To infants a tea-ſpoonful or two, gently laxative.

SYRŪPUS ZINGIBĔRIS. Carminative, ſtomachic, ʒj ad ʒiij.

TAMARINDUS, (i, f.) *fructus*. The tamarind-tree. Acid, cooling, laxative, pulp ʒſs ad ʒiſs. See *Infuſum*.

TANACĒTUM, (i, n.) *flos, herba*. Tanſy. Tonic, deobſtruent, ſtomachic, ʒſs ad ʒj. Alſo in infuſion.

TARAXĂCUM, (i, n.) *radix, herba*. Dandelion. Tonic, aperient, diuretic, reſolvent; in caſes of obſtructed liver, jaundice, &c. juice ʒj ad ʒij, or more, ter quaterve die. Alſo in decoction, ʒiij boiled in water ſbiſs to ſbj, to which, when ſtrained, is added vitriolated kali ʒiij,—doſe, a tea cupful, every two hours, until it operates.

TARTĂRI CRYSTĂLLI, (ōrum, f.) Cooling, laxative, diuretic, ʒj ad ʒiij, bis terve die. Cathartic, diuretic; in dropſies, &c. ʒſs ad ʒj, or more, every or every other morn, diſſolved in water 10 or 12 oz. and taken, partitis vicibus.

TEREBINTHĬNA CHĪA. *L.* Stimulant, corroborant, diuretic, detergent; in gleets, fluor albus, &c. ℈j ad ʒj, bis terve die.

TEREBINTHĬNA VENĔTA. *E.* Virtues as the preceding; but, having no aromatic flavour, it is more nauſeous to the taſte. In clyſters laxative, ʒſs ad ʒj, ſuſpended in ſome watery vehicle, by means of yolk of egg. Thus given, ſays Dr. Cullen, we have found it to be one of the moſt certain laxatives that could be

be employed in colics, and other cases of obstinate costiveness.

Terebinthĭna vulgāris. *L.* Stimulant, diuretic, detergent, gr. xv ad ʒij, bis terve die. In clysters laxative, ʒss ad ʒj, prepared as the former. Externally stimulant, rubefacient.

Thus, (ūris, n.) *resīna.* Frankincense. *L.* Stimulant, corroborant, gr. x ad ʒss. Externally in plasters, stimulant, strengthening. See *Empl.*

Thўmus, (i, m.) *herba.* Common thyme. Stimulant, aromatic, gr. x ad ʒss.

Tinctūra alŏës. *(Aloes soc. ʒss; extr. glycyrrh. ʒiss; aq. dist. spir. vin. ten. sing. ʒj.)* Purgative, stomachic, ʒss ad ʒiss.

Tinctūra alŏës composĭta. *(Aloes soc. croci, sing. gr. xlv; tinct. myrrhæ ʒj.)* Stimulant, aperient, stomachic, emmenagogue, ʒss ad ʒij, bis terve die.

Tinctūra alŏës vitrĭolāta. *E. (Aloes soc. myrrhæ, sing. ʒiss; croci ʒj; spir. ætheris vitriolici,* p. ℔j. Digest the myrrh with the spirit four days, in a close vessel, then add the aloes and saffron; digest again four days, and when the feces have subsided, pour off the clear.) Stimulant, antispasmodic, aperient, stomachic; in spasmodic pains of the stomach, &c. ʒss ad ʒiss, bis terve die.

Tinctūra asæ fœtĭdæ. *(Asæ fœtidæ ʒj; spir. vin. rect. ʒj.)* Stimulant, antispasmodic, ʒss ad ʒiss, or more.

Tinctūra aurantĭi cortĭcis. *L. (Cort. ext.*

aurant. rec. ʒiſs; ſpir. vin. ten. ʒij.) Tonic, ſtomachic, ʒj ad ʒij, or more.

TINCTŪRA BALSĂMI PERUVIĀNI. *L. (Balſ. Peruv. ʒj; ſpir. vin. rect. ʒſs.)* Stimulant, attenuant, ʒſs ad ʒiſs.

TINCTŪRA BALSĂMI TOLUTĀNI. *(Balſ. Tolut. ʒiſs; ſpir. vin. rect. ʒij.)* Stimulant, corroborant, expectorant, ʒſs ad ʒij.

TINCTŪRA BENZŎĒS COMPOSĬTA. *(Benz. ʒiſs; ſtyracis ʒj; balſ. Tolut. ʒſs; aloes ſoc. gr. xv; ſpir. vin. rect. ʒij.)* Stimulant, expectorant, antiſpaſmodic, ſtomachic, ʒſs ad ʒj, or more, bis terve die. Alſo externally to languid ulcers, and as a covering to the aperture made in the ſkin by certain compound fractures.

TINCTŪRA CANTHARĬDIS. *(Canthar. gr. v; cochinell. gr. j ¼; ſpir. vin. ten. ʒj.)* Acrid, ſtimulant, diuretic, gt. x ad gt. xxx, or more, ter quaterve die. This, it ſeems, has been conſidered by the late Dr. Farr as an efficacious medicine againſt the hydropic complaints of old people; to whom he was wont to preſcribe it, joined with a little milk of ammoniac and camphorated tincture of opium, when the breathing was affected. Alſo externally to ſinuſes and fiſtulous openings, in the way of injection, diluted with water, in the proportion of three or four dr. to ℔j.

TINCTŪRA CARDAMŌMI. *(Sem. cardam. ʒiſs; ſpir. vin. ten. ʒij.)* Stimulant, carminative, ʒj ad ʒiij. This is not unfrequently employed as a corrector to medicines of the cold aperient claſs.

TINCTŪRA

TINCTŪRA CARDAMŌMI COMPOSĬTA. *L. (Sem. cardam.—carui, coccinel. ſing. gr. xv; cinnam. ʒſs; uvarum paſſarum, demptis acinis, ʒſs; ſpir. vin. ten. ʒiv.)* Stimulant, ſtomachic, ʒj ad ʒiij.

TINCTŪRA CASCARĪLLÆ. *L. (Caſcarillæ ʒj; ſpir. vin. ten. ʒj.)* Stimulant, tonic; in laxity and debility of the ſtomach and bowels, &c. ʒj ad ʒſs, ter quaterve die.

TINCTŪRA CASTŎRĔI. *(Caſtorei Ruſs. ʒſs; ſpir. vin. ten. ʒj.)* Antiſpaſmodic, ʒj ad ʒij, or more.

TINCTŪRA CASTŎRĔI COMPOSĬTA. *E. (Caſtorei Ruſs. ʒj; aſæ fœtidæ ʒſs; ſpir. ammoniæ, p. ℔j.* Digeſt ſix days, in a cloſe veſſel, and ſtrain.) Stimulant, antiſpaſmodic; in hyſterical complaints, &c. ʒſs ad ʒj, or more.

TINCTŪRA CATĔCHU. *(Catechu ʒiſs; cinnam. ʒj; ſpir. vin. ten. ʒij.)* Aſtringent; in diarrhœas, &c. ʒj ad ʒiij.

TINCTŪRA CINCHŌNÆ, SIVE CORTĬCIS PERUVIĀNI. *(Cinch. ʒiſs; ſpir. vin. ten. ʒj.)* Tonic, ſtomachic, ʒiſs ad ʒſs.

TINCTŪRA CINCHŌNÆ, SIVE CORTĬCIS PERUVIĀNI, AMMONIĀTA. *L. (Cinch. ʒj; ſpir. ammoniæ comp. ʒj.* Digeſt ten days, in a cloſe veſſel, and ſtrain.) Stimulant, tonic, ʒſs ad ʒij.

TINCTŪRA CINCHŌNÆ, SIVE CORTĬCIS PERUVIĀNI, COMPOSĬTA. *L. (Cinch. gr. xlviij; cort. aurant. exſic. gr. xxxvj; ſerpentariæ gr. ix; croci gr. iij; coccinel. gr. ij; ſpir. vin. ten. ʒj.)* Tonic, ſtimulant, ſtomachic, ʒj ad ʒiij.

TINCTŪRA CINNAMŌMI. *(Cinnam. ʒiſs; ſpir. vin. ten. ℥ij.)* Stimulant, aſtringent, ſtomachic, ʒj ad ʒiij.

TINCTŪRA CINNAMŌMI COMPOSĬTA. *(Cinnam. ʒiſs; ſem. cardam. gr. xlv; piperis longi, zingib. ſing. ʒſs; ſpir. vin. ten. ℔ſs.)* Stimulant, carminative, ſtomachic, ʒſs ad ʒij, or more.

TINCTŪRA COLOMBÆ. *(Colombæ gr. xxxvijſs; ſpir. vin. ten. ℥j.)* Tonic, ſtomachic; in bilious vomitings and purgings, &c. ʒj ad ʒiij.

TINCTŪRA CROCI. *E. (Croci ℥j; ſpir. vin. ten. ℔. ℥xv.* Digeſt five days, and filter through paper.) Cordial, diaphoretic, ʒſs ad ʒij, or more.

TINCTŪRA FERRI AMMONIĂCĀLIS. *L. (Ferri ammon. ʒij; ſpir. vin. ten. ℥j.* Digeſt, and ſtrain.) Aſtringent, tonic, aperient, gt. xv ad ʒj, bis terve die. Alſo externally to ſcirrhous tumours, a linen rag being kept moiſt with it, and conſtantly applied.

TINCTŪRA FERRI MURIĀTI. *(Vice Tinct. Mart. in ſpirĭtu ſalis.)* Aſtringent, tonic, gt. x ad gt. xx, or more, bis terve die. In caſes of dyſury depending on ſpaſm, attended with ſtricture of the urethra, this, which of all the preparations of iron is the moſt aſtringent, Mr. Cline recommends to be given, every fifteen minutes, in the quantity of gt. x or xv, till nauſea and ſymptoms of general relaxation take place. Alſo externally to ſcirrhous tumours, and to deſtroy venereal warts.

TINCTŪRA GALBĂNI. *L. (Galbani ʒſs; ſpir. vin. ten. ℥j.)* Stimulant, antiſpaſmodic; in hyſteria, flatulencies, and the aſthmatic complaints of old people, ʒj ad ʒiij.

TINCTŪRA GENTIĀNÆ COMPOSĬTA. *(Gentianæ ʒſs; cort. aurant. exſic. gr. xv; ſem. cardam. gr. viijſs; ſpir. vin. ten. ℥j.)* Tonic, ſtomachic, ʒj ad ʒiij, bis terve die.

TINCTŪRA GUAJACI. *E. (Guaiaci gummi-reſinæ ℔j; ſpir. vin. rect. p. ℔iijſs.* Digeſt ten days, and ſtrain.) Stimulant, diaphoretic; in chronic rheumatiſm, gout, &c. ʒſs ad ʒiſs, or more, bis terve die.

TINCTŪRA GUĀIĂCI AMMONIĀTA. *(Guaiaci gummi-reſinæ ʒj; ſpir. ammoniæ comp. ʒvj.)* Stimulant, diaphoretic, antiſpaſmodic; againſt chronic rheumatiſm, wandering gout, &c. ʒj ad ʒij, or more, bis die.

TINCTŪRA HELLĔBŎRI NIGRI. *(Helleb. nigri ʒj; coccinel. gr. j ½; ſpir. vin. ten. ℥j.)* Alterative, attenuant, and in plethoric habits emmenagogue, ʒſs ad ʒiſs, bis terve die.

TINCTŪRA JALAPĬI. *(Jalap. ʒſs; ſpir. vin. ten. ʒij.)* Cathartic, ʒj ad ʒiij.

TINCTŪRA KĪNO. *E. (Kino ℥ij; ſpir. vin. ten. p. ℔iſs.* Digeſt eight days, and ſtrain.) Aſtringent; in diarrhœas, lientery, &c. ʒj ad ʒiij, ter quaterve die.

TINCTŪRA MOSCHI. *E. (Moſchi ʒj; ſpir. vin. rect. p. ℥vj.* Digeſt ten days, and ſtrain.) Stimulant, diaphoretic, antiſpaſmodic, ʒj ad ʒij, or more.

TINCTŪRA MYRRHÆ. *(Myrrhæ ʒj; ſpir. vin. ten. ℥j; ſpir. vin. rect. ʒij ℈ij.)* Stimulant, attenuant, ʒſs ad ʒiſs, or more. In gargles detergent, ℥j in ℔j. Alſo externally for cleanſing foul ulcers, and promoting the exfoliation of carious bones.

TINCTŪRA OPĬI. *(Opii gr. iv* $\frac{2}{3}\frac{3}{2}$*; ſpir. vin. ten. ʒj.)* Anodyne, narcotic, gt. xv ad gt. xxx, or more. Twenty drops are about equal to gr. j of opium.

TINCTŪRA OPĬI CAMPHORĀTA. *(Opii, flor. benzoes, ſing. gr. j* $\frac{7}{8}$*; camph. gr. j* $\frac{1}{4}$*; ol. aniſi eſſent. p. gr. j* $\frac{7}{8}$*; ſpir. vin. ten. ʒj.)* Anodyne, diaphoretic; againſt tickling coughs, &c. ʒſs ad ʒij, or more.

TINCTŪRA RHABARBĂRI. *(Rhabarb. ʒſs; cardam. gr. viijſs; croci gr. iij* $\frac{1}{4}$*; ſpir. vin. ten. ʒj.)* Purgative, ſtomachic, ʒſs ad ʒiſs. Aperient, ſtomachic, ʒij ad ʒſs.

TINCTŪRA RHABARBĂRI COMPOSĬTA. *L. (Rhabarb. ʒſs; rad. glycyrrh. gr. viijſs; zingib. croci, ſing. gr. iij* $\frac{3}{4}$*; aq. diſt. ʒſs; ſpir. vin. ten. ʒiij.)* Purgative, ſtomachic, ʒſs ad ʒiſs. This makes an uſeful addition to the bark for the cure of intermittents, where the viſcera are obſtructed.

TINCTŪRA RHEI CUM ALŎË. *E. (Rhabarbari ʒj ℈ij; aloes ſoc. ʒj; ſem. cardam. ℈ij; ſpir. vin. ten. p. ʒv.* Digeſt ſeven days, and ſtrain.) Purgative, ſtomachic, ʒſs ad ʒj.

TINCTŪRA RHEI AMĀRA. *E. (Rhabarbari ʒij ℈ij; gentianæ ℈ij; ſerpentariæ Virg. gr. x; ſpir. vin. ten. p. ʒv.* Digeſt ſeven days, and ſtrain.) Tonic, ſtomachic, aperient, ʒj ad ʒiij, bis terve die. Purgative, ſtomachic, ʒſs ad ʒiſs.

TINCTŪRA RHEI DULCIS. *E.* (This is made by adding to two pounds and a half of tincture of rhubarb ʒiv of ſugar-candy.)

TINCTŪRA SABĪNÆ COMPOSĬTA. *L. (Extr. ſabinæ*

binæ ʒſs; tinct. caſtorei ʒj; tinct. myrrhæ ʒſs.) Stimulant, antiſpaſmodic, emmenagogue, gt. xx ad ʒj, or more, bis die.

TINCTŪRA SCILLÆ. *L. (Scill. exſic. gr. xv; ſpir. vin. ten. ʒij.)* Expectorant, diuretic, attenuant, gt. xv ad gt. lx.

TINCTŪRA SENNÆ. *(Sennæ ʒiij; carui gr. xxijſs; cardam. gr. vijſs; uvar. paſs. ʒſs; ſpir. vin. ten. ʒiv.)* Carminative, cathartic, ʒſs ad ʒj, or more.

TINCTŪRA SERPENTĀRĬÆ. *(Serpent. Virg. ʒiſs; ſpir. vin. ten. ʒij.)* Tonic, ſtimulant, diaphoretic; to remove periodic headachs, &c. ʒj ad ʒiij, or more.

TINCTŪRA VALERIĀNÆ. *L. (Valerianæ ʒj; ſpir. vin. ten. ʒj.)* Antiſpaſmodic; againſt nervous languors, &c. ʒij ad ʒſs.

TINCTŪRA VALERIĀNÆ AMMONIĀTA. *(Valerianæ ʒj; ſpir. ammoniæ comp. ʒj.)* Stimulant, antiſpaſmodic, ʒj ad ʒij.

TINCTŪRA VERĀTRI. *E. (Hellebori albi ʒviij; ſpir. vin. ten. P. ℔ijſs.* Digeſt ten days, and filter through paper.) Stimulant, alterative, deobſtruent; in cutaneous diſeaſes, epilepſy, &c. gt. x ad gt. l, in a little valerian tea, bis terve die. Emetic, cathartic; in mania, &c. ʒj ad ʒij. As this is a medicine of great activity, it is prudent, when given as an alterative, to begin with ſmall doſes, increaſing them gradually according to their effects. Some ſuppoſe it to conſtitute a part of Maredant's Drops.

TINCTŪRA ZINGIBĔRIS. *(Zingib. ʒſs; ſpir. vin. ten.*

℥j. Digeſt, eight days, with a gentle heat, and ſtrain.) Stimulant, carminative, ſtomachic, ʒj ad ʒiij.

TORMENTĪLLA, (æ, f.) *radix*. Septfoil. Strongly aſtringent, ſlightly aromatic, ℈j ad ℈ij, or ℥iſs ad ℥iij of a decoction, made by boiling ℥iſs in water ℔iij to ℔ij, ter quaterve die.

TRAGĂCANTHA, (æ, f.) *gummi*. Demulcent. This is much more mucilaginous than gum Arabic, ℥j of which ſcarcely gives an equal conſiſtence to ℔j of water, as ʒj of tragacanth. See *Mucil.*

TRICHŎMĂNES, (is, m.) *herba*. Maidenhair. *E.* Subaſtringent, expectorant, demulcent; in decoction or infuſion ʒj ad ʒij, with a little liquorice, ter quaterve die.

TRĬFŎLĬUM PALUDŌSUM, *herba*. Buckbean. Tonic, laxative, diuretic, deobſtruent; in rheumatic complaints, &c. ʒſs ad ʒj, in infuſion, with a little orange-peel, ʒj ad ʒiij, bis terve die. In ſome cutaneous diſeaſes, of the herpetic or ſeemingly cancerous kind, ſays Dr. Cullen, I have had ſeveral inſtances of the good effects of this plant, taken by infuſion in the manner of tea.

TRŎCHĪSCI AMŸLI. (*Amyli ʒj; glycyrrh. ʒſs; iridis ℈j; ſacch. purif. ℥iſs; mucil. tragacanthæ q. s.*) Pectoral; for tickling coughs, ʒj ad ʒij.

TRŎCHĪSCI CRĒTÆ. (*Cretæ præp. ℥ſs; cancri chelar. præp. ʒij; cinnam. ʒſs; ſacch. pur. ʒiij; mucil. gum. Arab. q. s.*) Antacid; againſt cardialgy, &c. ʒj ad ʒij.

TRŎCHĪSCI GLYCYRRHĪZÆ. (*Extr. glycyrrh. ſacch. pur.*

pur. ſing. ʒx; *tragacanthæ* ʒiij; *aq. diſt. q. s.*) Demulcent; againſt tickling coughs, ʒj ad ʒij.

TRŎCHĪSCI GLYCYRRHĪZÆ CUM OPĬO. *E.* (*Opii purif.* ʒij; *tinct. balſ. Tolut.* P. ℥ſs; *ſyrupi ſimpl.* P. ℥viij; *extracti glycyrrhizæ, aqua callida molliti,* ℥v; *Arab. gummi* ℥v. Rub the opium with the tincture until it is diſſolved, then add by degrees the ſyrup, and extract of liquorice ſoftened with warm water; whilſt beating them diligently, gradually ſprinkle the gum Arabic powdered; and exſiccate ſo as to form troches, each weighing gr. x.) Pectoral, anodyne; for tickling coughs, &c. j, ij, or more. One dr. contains nearly gr. j of opium.

TRŎCHĪSCI MAGNESĬÆ. *L.* (*Magneſiæ uſtæ* ʒiv; *ſacch. pur.* ʒij; *zingib.* ℈j; *mucil. gum. Arab. q. s.*) Antacid, laxative; againſt cardialgy attended with coſtiveneſs, ʒj ad ʒij, or more.

TRŎCHĪSCI NITRI. (*Nitri* ℈j; *ſacch. pur.* ʒj; *tragacanthæ gr. iij* ½; *aq. diſt. q. s.*) Cooling, diuretic; in inflammatory ſore throats where vicidity prevails, &c. ʒj ad ʒij. With a view of obviating uneaſineſs at ſtomach, diluting copiouſly at the ſame time ought to be enjoined.

TRŎCHĪSCI SULPHŬRIS. *L.* (*Flor. ſulph. lotor.* ʒſs; *ſacch. pur.* ʒj; *mucil. ſem. cydonii mali q. s.*) Laxative, diaphoretic; in caſes of piles, &c. ʒj ad ʒiij, or more.

TUSSILĀGO, (ĭnis, f.) *herba.* Colts-foot. Subaſtringent, expectorant, demulcent; for coughs, phthiſis, ſcrofula, &c. expreſſed juice ʒij ad ʒiv, daily.

daily. Alſo in decoction or infuſion. What is ſold under the name of *Britiſh Herb Tobacco* conſiſts principally of the leaves of this plant.

TUTĬA PRÆPARĀTA. Prepared tutty. Externally aſtringent; in collyria, unguents, &c. See *Ung.* This is ſuppoſed to be uſeful only from the zinc it contains.

ULMUS, (i, f.) *cortex interior.* The elm-tree. Mucilaginous, aſtringent, ℈j ad ʒj. See *Decoct.*

UNGUENTUM ADĬPIS SUILLÆ. *L.* To ſoften and heal cracks of the ſkin, &c.

UNGUENTUM ÆRUGĬNIS. *E. (Ung. reſinæ flavæ partes xv; æruginis partem j.)* Tonic, detergent; for cleanſing foul ulcers, and keeping down fungous fleſh. When weakened by the addition of ſome ſimple ointment, it is employed alſo in ſcrofulous ophthalmies, where the palpebræ are principally affected.

UNGUENTUM CALCIS HYDRARGŸRI ALBÆ. *L. (Calc. hydrarg. alb. ℈ij; ung. adipis ſuillæ ʒj.)* Detergent; againſt cutaneous foulneſſes, ſcabby eruptions about the head, &c.

UNGUENTUM CANTHARĬDIS. To keep bliſters open. Being made with a decoction of the fly, this occaſions leſs pain, yet anſwers its purpoſe no leſs effectually than the *ceratum cantharidis.*

UNGUENTUM CĒRÆ. *(Ceræ albæ ʒiv; ſperm. ceti ʒiij; ol. olivæ lb̄j.)* Emollient; againſt excoriations, cracks, &c.

UNGUENTUM CERŪSSÆ. *E. (Ung. ſimpl. partes v;*

ceruſſæ

ceruſſæ partem j.) Cooling, deſiccative; for excoriations and other ſimilar frettings of the ſkin.

UNGUENTUM CERŪSSÆ ACETĀTÆ. *(Ceruſſæ acetatæ ʒj; ceræ albæ ʒj; ol. olivæ ʒiv.)* Cooling, deſiccative.

UNGUENTUM ELĔMI COMPOSĬTUM. *L. (Elemi ℔j; terebinth. vulg. ʒx; ſevi ovilli ℔ij; ol. olivæ ʒij.)* Digeſtive, cleanſing to foul ulcers.

UNGUENTUM HELLĔBŎRI ALBI. *L. (Helleb. alb. ʒj; ung. adipis ſuillæ ʒiv; ol. limonis eſſent. p. ℈ſs.)* Antipſoric.

UNGUENTUM HYDRARGŸRI FORTĬUS. *(Olim, Ung. cærul. fort.)* Alterative, ℈j ad ʒj, rubbed (before the fire) into the legs, or inſide of the thighs, every night, or oftener, if circumſtances require. Alſo diſcutient, reſolvent. Of this preparation two dr. contain one of quickſilver.

UNGUENTUM HYDRARGŸRI MITĬUS. *(Olim, Ung. cærul. mit.)* Diſcutient, reſolvent; againſt pediculi, &c. Six dr. contain one of quickſilver.

UNGUENTUM HYDRARGŸRI NITRĀTI. *(Olim, Ung. citrĭnum.)* Stimulant, detergent. Applied by means of a pencil bruſh, every night, it is uſeful againſt pſorophthalmy, or inflammation and ulceration of the eyelids. Of this preparation one dr. contains gr. iv of quickſilver, and gr. viij of nitrous acid.

UNGUENTUM HYDRARGŸRI NITRĀTI MITĬUS. *E.* (This is made in the ſame manner as the former, with double the quantity of lard.) Stimulant, &c. to venereal, ſcrofulous, or phagedænic ulcers. One dr.

dr. contains gr. ij of quickſilver, and gr. iv of nitrous acid.

UNGUENTUM PĬCIS. *(Picis liq. ſevi ovilli ppti, ſing.* ℥*j.*) Detergent; againſt cutaneous foulneſſes, ſcabby cruſts, &c.

UNGUENTUM SIMPLEX. *E. (Ol. olivæ partes v; ceræ albæ partes ij.)* Softening, healing to chaps, &c.

UNGUENTUM RESĪNÆ FLAVÆ. *(Reſinæ flavæ, ceræ flav. ſing.* ℥*vj; ol. olivæ* ℔ß*ſs.*) Digeſtive, cleanſing to wounds and ulcers.

UNGUENTUM SAMBŪCI. *L.* Cooling, emollient.

UNGUENTUM SPERMĂTIS CETI. *(Sperm. ceti* ℥*vj; ceræ alb.* ℥*ij; ol. olivæ* ℥*iij.*) This differs little from the ointment of wax, except in regard to conſiſtence.

UNGUENTUM SULPHŬRIS. *(Ung. adipis ſuillæ* ℔ß*ſs; flor. ſulph.* ℥*iv.*) Antipſoric, ℥ij ad ℥iij, every night.

UNGUENTUM TUTĬÆ. *(Tutiæ pptæ* ℥*j; ung. ſperm. ceti q. s.*) Aſtringent;—applied to ſore eyelids, it ſerves to keep them from being glued together during ſleep.

UNGUENTUM ZINCI. *E. (Ung. ſimpl. partes ſex; zinci calcinati partem j.)* Aſtringent. This is uſeful in affections of the eyes, or eyelids, where the redneſs ariſes from relaxation rather than from active inflammation.

URTĪCA, (æ, f.) *herba.* Stinging nettle. Cooling, laxative, diuretic, expreſſed juice ℥ij ad ℥iv, daily.

UVA (æ, f.) PASSA. The raiſin. Demulcent.

UVA (æ, f.) URSI, *folium.* Bear's wortleberry. Aſtringent; in calculous and nephritic complaints,

in

in that ſtate of gonorrhœa where the irritability of the bladder is greatly excited, and the urine is loaded with viſcid matter, &c. gr. x ad ℈ij, in infuſion ℈j ad ʒiſs, or more, ter quaterve die.

VALERIĀNA SYLVESTRIS, *radix*. Wild valerian. Antiſpaſmodic; in epileptic, hyſteric and other ſpaſmodic complaints, ʒſs ad ʒj, or more, in infuſion ʒj ad ʒij, bis terve die. See *Tinct*. By giving ʒſs, twice a day, the cure of a caſe of catalepſy has been effected, when ſmaller doſes had been tried in vain.

VERBĀSCUM, (i, n.) *folia*. Mullein. *E*. Subaſtringent, demulcent; in diarrhœas, dyſenteries, &c. ʒiij ad ʒiv, every three hours, of a decoction made by boiling ʒij in water ℔iij to ℔ij.

VĪNUM ALBUM HISPĀNUM. Spaniſh whitewine. Cordial, ſtimulant.

VĪNUM ALŎËS. (*Aloes ſoc.* ʒſs; *canellæ albæ gr. viijſs*; *vini albi* ʒvj; *ſpir. vin. ten.* ʒij.) Purgative, ſtomachic; in phlegmatic, paralytic and apoplectic caſes, ʒſs ad ʒiſs. Aperient, ſtomachic, ʒj ad ʒiij, bis terve die. A deſert or large ſpoonful, taken repeatedly about noon and at bedtime, with ʒj of compound ſpirit of lavender, is ſaid to have been often beneficial in dyſpepſy and cephalalgy.

VĪNUM ANTIMONĬI. Emetic, ʒiij ad ʒſs. Alterative, diaphoretic, gt. x ad gt. l, or more.

VĪNUM ANTIMONĬI TARTĂRISĀTI. (*Antim. tartar. gr. v*; *aquæ diſt. ferv.* ʒij; *vini albi* ʒj. Diſſolve the tartariſed antimony in the boiling water, then add the wine.) Emetic, ʒij ad ʒvj. Febrifuge, diaphoretic, gt. xv ad ʒj.

VĪNUM

VĪNUM FERRI. *L.* (*Ferri ramentorum* ℥*j*; *vini albi* ℔*j*.) Aſtringent, tonic, deobſtruent; in relaxed ſolids, ʒij ad ʒvj, bis terve die.

VĪNUM GENTIĀNÆ COMPOSĬTUM. *E.* (*Gentianæ* ℥*ſs*; *cinchonæ* ℥*j*; *cort. aurant. Hiſp. ſic.* ʒij; *canellæ albæ* ʒj; *ſpir. vin. ten.* P. ℥*iv*; *vini albi Hiſp.* P. ℔*iijſs*. Firſt pour on the ſpirit, and after twenty-four hours add the wine; then macerate three days, and ſtrain.) Tonic, ſtomachic, ʒij ad ʒvj, bis terve die.

VĪNUM IPECACŬANHÆ. (*Ipecac.* ʒſs; *vini albi* ℥*j*.) Emetic, ℥ſs ad ℥iſs. Febrifuge, diaphoretic; in uterine hæmorrhages, coughs, hæmoptyſis, diarrhœa, dyſentery, &c. gt. xij ad gt. xl, or more.

VĪNUM NICOTIĀNÆ. *E.* (*Folior. nicotianæ* ℥*j*; *vini albi Hiſp.* P. ℔*j*. Digeſt ſeven days, and ſtrain.) Narcotic, diuretic, expectorant; in dropſy, dyſury, &c. gt. xxx ad gt. lxxx, or more, two hours before dinner and at bedtime, the doſe being ¼ leſs in the forenoon than in the evening.

VĪNUM RHABARBĂRI. (*Rhabarb.* ʒiijſs; *cardam.* ʒſs; *croci gr. xv*; *vini albi* ℥*iv*; *ſpir. vin. ten.* ℥*j*.) Purgative, ſtomachic; in colics ariſing from acid viſcid phlegm, and diarrhœas from ſimilar cauſes, ℥ſs ad ℥iſs, or more.

VIŎLA, (æ, f.) *flos recens*. The violet. See *Syr.*

VIPĔRA, (æ, f.) The viper. *E.* Reſtorative; in ſcrofula, leprous, rheumatic and other chronic diſeaſes, in broth half of one or a whole one, daily.

VĪTRUM (i, n.) ANTIMONĬI CERĀTUM. *E.* (*Ceræ flavæ* ʒ*j*; *vitri antimonii* ℥*j*. Melt the wax in an iron veſſel, and throw into it the glaſs of antimony powdered,

powdered, keep the mixture over a gentle fire, for fifteen minutes, ſtirring it conſtantly; then pour it on paper, and when cold, grind it into powder.) Diaphoretic, generally purgative, ſometimes emetic; in dyſenteries, &c. gr. iij ad gr. xij, or more, every or every other morn, faſting, with an opiate occaſionally at bedtime. According to Dr. Moſeley, both the ſafety and efficacy of this preparation greatly depend on the patient's favouring a determination to the ſkin by keeping in bed, or not expoſing himſelf to the air, at the times of taking it.

WINTERĀNUS CORTEX, (ĭcis, m. vel f.) Winter's bark. *E.* Stimulant, aromatic, ſtomachic, gr. x ad ℈j. This has been reckoned the ſame with canella alba; but there is an obvious difference between them, both in appearance and quality. Winter's bark taſtes much warmer and more pungent.

ZEDOĀRĬA, (æ, f.) *radix.* Zedoary. Stimulant, aromatic, ſtomachic; in hyſteric and what are called windy colics, &c. gr. x ad ℈ij, in infuſion ʒj ad ʒiſs, bis terve die.

ZINCUM (i, n.) CALCINĀTUM. *(Olim, Flor. zinci.)* Aſtringent, antiſpaſmodic; in epileptic and other ſpaſmodic complaints, gr. iij ad gr. x, ter quaterve die. Externally, ſee *Ung.*

ZINCUM VITRĬOLĀTUM PURIFICĀTUM. *(Vulgo, Sal vitrĭoli, vel Vitr. alb.)* Aſtringent, antiſpaſmodic, gr. j ad gr. v, bis terve die. Emetic, gr. vj ad ʒiſs. Combined with a third of burnt alum, and given in nauſeating or ſlightly vomiting doſes, every morning, faſting, or oftener, diſſolved in water ʒiſs, it

it is ſaid to have been of uſe in hooping-cough, humoral aſthmas, infarctions of the lungs, the latter ſtage of dyſentery, &c. and when repeated, once in eight hours, in a quantity ſufficient to excite gentle nauſea, that hæmorrhages from the lungs have likewiſe been relieved by it. Externally cooling, aſtringent; in collyria, injections, &c. gr. x ad ʒſs in ℥vj. Vitriolated zinc ℈j, ointment of hog's lard ʒſs, form an uſeful remedy for that chronic inflammation of the eyelids, to which old people are ſubject.

ZINGĬBER, (ĕris, n.) *radix*. Ginger. Stimulant, carminative, ſtomachic; in flatulent colics, &c. gr. v ad ℈j, in infuſion ℈j ad ℈ij. See *Syr.* & *Tinct.*

ZINGĬBER CONDĪTUM. Candied ginger. *E.* Virtues as the former.

A TABLE

A TABLE OF NAMES CHANGED.

Names formerly in Uſe.	*New Names.*
A.	
Acētum ſcillitĭcum.	Acetum ſcillæ.
Æthĭops minerālis.	Hydrargyrus cum ſulphure.
Alkăli fixum foſsĭle.	Natron præparatum.
fixum vegetabĭle.	Kali præparatum
volatĭle.	Ammonia præparata.
Aqua alumĭnis Bateāna. *L.*	Aqua aluminis compoſita.
calcis ſimplex.	calcis.
cinnamōmi ſimplex.	cinnamomi.
cinnamōmi ſpirituōſa.	Spiritus cinnamomi.
fortis.	Acidum nitroſum dilutum.
hordeāta.	Decoctum hordei.
junĭpĕri compoſĭta.	Spiritus juniperi compoſitus.
menthæ piperitĭdis ſimplex.	Aqua menthæ piperitidis.
menthæ piperitĭdis ſpirituōſa.	Spiritus menthæ piperitidis.
menthæ vulgāris ſimplex.	Aqua menthæ ſativæ.
menthæ vulgāris ſpirituōſa. *L.*	Spiritus menthæ ſativæ.

Aqua nucis moſchātæ.	Spiritus myriſticæ.
pipĕris Jamaicenſis.	Aqua pimento.
pulegĭi ſimplex.	pulegii.
pulegĭi ſpirituōſa.	Spiritus pulegii.
răphăni compoſĭta.	Spiritus raphani compoſitus.
roſārum damaſcenārum.	Aqua roſæ.
ſapphīrĭna.	cupri ammoniati.
ſemĭnum anēthi.	anethi.
ſemĭnum anīſi compoſita.	Spiritus aniſi compoſitus.
ſemĭnum carŭi.	carui.
ſtyptĭca. *E.*	Aqua cupri vitriolati compoſita.
vegĕto-minerālis. *L.*	lithargyri acetati compoſita.
vitrĭolĭca. *E.*	zinci vitriolati.
vitrĭolĭca camphorāta. *L.*	zinci vitriolati cum camphora.
Argentum vivum.	Hydrargyrus purificatus.
Axungia porcīna.	Adeps ſuilla.
B.	
Balsămum anodўnum. *E.*	Linimentum opiatum.
ſulphŭris Barbadenſe.	Petroleum ſulphuratum.
ſulphŭris ſimplex.	Oleum ſulphuratum.
traumatĭcum.	Tinctura benzoës compoſita.
C.	
Calx antimonĭi.	Antimonium calcinatum.

Cătăplaſma

Cătăplaſma e cymīno. *L.*	Cataplaſma cumini.
Cauſtĭcum antimoniāle.	Antimonium muriatum.
commūne fortĭus.	Calx cum kali puro.
lunāre.	Argentum nitrātum.
Cerātum album.	Ceratum ſpermatis ceti.
citrĭnum.	reſinæ flavæ.
epulotĭcum.	lapĭdis calaminaris.
Chalўbis rubīgo præparāta.	Ferri rubigo.
Cinnăbăris factitĭa. *L.*	Hydrargyrus ſulphuratus ruber.
Coagŭlum aluminōſum. *L.*	Cataplaſma aluminis.
Confectĭo cardiăca.	Confectio aromatica.
Japonĭca. *E.*	Electuarium catechu.
Cornu cervi calcinātum.	Cornu cervi uſtum.
Crocus metallōrum.	Crocus antimonii.
D.	
Decoctum album. *L.*	Decoctum cornu cervi.
commūne pro clyſtēre. *L.*	pro enemate.
cortĭcis Peruviāni.	cinchonæ.
lignorum. *E.*	guajaci compoſitum.
pectorale. *L.*	hordei compoſitum.
E.	
Electuārium lenitīvum.	Electuarium ſennæ.
Thebaĭcum.	opiatum.

Elixir alŏës.	Tinctura aloës compoſita.
guaiăcĭnum volatĭle.	guaiaci ammoniata.
myrrhæ compoſĭtum. *L.*	ſabinæ compoſita.
paregorĭcum.	opii camphorata.
proprietātis.	aloës cum myrrha.
proprietātis vitrĭolĭcum. *E.*	aloës vitriolata.
ſalūtis.	ſennæ.
vitrĭŏli acĭdum. *E.*	Acidum vitrioli aromaticum.
vitrĭŏli dulce. *E.*	Spiritus ætheris vitriolici aromaticus.
Emplaſtrum adhæſīvum.	Emplaſtrum lithargўri cum reſina.
ex ammoniăco cum mercurĭo. *L.*	ammoniaci cum hydrargyro.
antihyſterĭcum. *E.*	aſæ fœtidæ.
attrăhens.	ceræ compoſitum.
cephalĭcum. *L.*	picis Burgundicæ.
commūne.	lithargyri.
commūne cum gummi.	lithargyri compoſitum.

Emplaſtrum

Emplaſtrum commūne	Emplaſtrum lithargyri
cum mercurĭo.	cum hydrargyro.
e cymīno. *L.*	cumini.
robŏrans.	thuris compoſitum.
e ſapōne.	ſaponis.
ſtomachĭcum. *L.*	ladani compoſitum.
veſīcatorĭum.	cantharidis.
Emulſĭo commūnis.	Lac amygdalæ.
Extractum cathartĭcum.	Extractum colocynthidis compoſitum.
cicūtæ.	Succus cicutæ ſpiſſatus.
cortĭcis Peruvĭāni.	Extractum cinchonæ.
ligni Campechenſis.	hæmatoxyli.
Satūrni. *L.*	Aqua lithargyri acetati.
Thebaĭcum.	Opium purificatum.

F.

Flores benzoĭni.	Flores benzoës.
Martiāles.	Ferrum ammoniacale.
zinci.	Zincum calcinatum.
Fotus commūnis. *L.*	Decoctum pro fomento.

H.

Hiĕra picra. *L.*	Pulvis aloës cum canella.

I.

Infūſum amārum ſimplex.	Infuſum gentianæ compoſitum.
Japonĭcum. *E.*	catechu.

Infūfum ſennæ commūne. *L.*	Infuſum ſennæ tartariſatum.
Julēpum e camphŏra. *L.*	Miſtura camphorata.
e creta.	cretacea.
e moſcho. *L.*	moſchata.
L.	
Laudanum liquĭdum.	Tinctura opii.
Linimentum album.	Unguentum ſpermatis ceti.
ſaponācĕum.	Linimentum ſaponis.
volatĭle.	ammoniæ.
Lixivĭum ſaponārĭum.	Aqua kali puri.
tartări. *L.*	kali præparati.
M.	
Mel Ægyptiăcum. *L.*	Oxymel æruginis.
roſacĕum. *L.*	Mel roſæ.
Mercurĭus calcinātus.	Hydrargyrus calcinatus.
corroſīvus ſublimātus.	muriatus.
dulcis ſublimātus.	Calomelas.
emetĭcus flavus.	Hydrargyrus vitriolatus.
præcipitātus albus.	Calx hydrargyri alba.
præcipitatus ruber.	Hydrargyrus nitratus ruber.
O.	
Olĕum macis.	Oleum myriſticæ expreſſum.
nucis moſchātæ.	myriſticæ eſſentiale.

Olĕum

Olĕum petrolĕi Barbadenſis.	Oleum petrolei.
terebinthĭnæ æthĕrĕum.	terebinthinæ rectificatum.
Opĭum colātum.	Opium purificatum.
Oxўmel ſcillitĭcum. *L.*	Oxymel ſcillæ.
ſimplex. *L.*	Mel acetatum.

P.

Philonĭum Londinenſe.	Confectio opiata.
Pilŭlæ aromatĭcæ.	Pulvis aloës cum guaiaco.
calomelănos compoſĭtæ. *E.*	Pilulæ hydrargyri muriati mitis.
ecphractĭcæ. *L.*	Pulvis aloës cum ferro.
gummōſæ.	Pilulæ galbani compoſitæ.
Plummeri. *E.*	hydrargyri muriati mitis.
Rufi.	aloës cum myrrha.
ſtomachĭcæ. *E.*	rhei compoſitæ.
Pulvis e bōlo compoſĭtus. *L.*	Pulvis cretæ compoſitus.
e bōlo compoſĭtus cum opĭo. *L.*	cretæ compoſitus cum opio.
e cerūſſa compoſĭtus. *L.*	ceruſſæ compoſitus.
Dovēri.	ipecacuanhæ compoſitus.
mercurĭi cinĕrĕus. *E.*	Hydrargyrus precipitatus cinereus.
ſternutatōrĭus.	Pulvis aſari compoſitus.
ſtyptĭcus. *E.*	aluminis compoſitus.

R.

Rob baccārum ſambūci.	Succus baccæ ſambuci ſpiſſatus.

S.

Sacchărum Satūrni.	Ceruſſa acetata.
Sal abſinthĭi.	Kali præparatum.
cathartĭcus amārus.	Magneſia vitriolata.
cathartĭcus Glaubēri.	Natron vitriolatum.
diuretĭcus.	Kali acetatum.
Martis.	Ferrum vitriolatum.
polycreſtus. *E.*	Lixiva vitriolata ſulphurea.
Rupellenſis.	Natron tartariſatum.
tartări.	Kali præparatum.
vitrĭŏli.	Zincum vitriolatum.
volatĭlis ſalis ammoniăci.	Ammonia præparata.
Species aromatĭcæ.	Pulvis aromaticus.
Spirĭtus cornu cervi.	Liquor volatĭlis cornu cervi.
lavendŭlæ ſimplex.	Spiritus lavendulæ.
Minderēri.	Aqua ammoniæ acetatæ.
nitri.	Acidum nitroſum.
nitri dulcis.	Spiritus ætheris nitroſi.
ſalis ammoniăci.	Aqua ammoniæ.
ſalis ammoniăci dulcis.	Spiritus ammoniæ.
ſalis ammoniăci cum calce viva.	Aqua ammoniæ puræ.
ſalis marini Glaubēri.	Acidum muriaticum.

Spirĭtus

Spirĭtus terebinthinæ.	Oleum terebinthinæ rectificatum.
vinōsus camphorātus.	Spiritus camphoratus.
vitrĭŏli dulcis.	ætheris vitriolici.
volatĭlis aromatĭcus.	ammoniæ compositus.
volatĭlis fœtĭdus.	ammoniæ fœtidus.
Succi scorbutĭci.	Succus cochleariæ compositus.
Syrūpus ex althæa.	Syrupus althææ.
e cortĭcĭbus aurantiōrum.	Syrupus corticis aurantii.
balsamĭcus.	Tolutanus.
e meconio.	papaveris albi.
rosārum solutīvus.	rosæ.

T.

Tabellæ cardialgĭcæ.	Trochisci cretæ.
Tartărum emetĭcum.	Antimonium tartarisatum.
solubĭle.	Kali tartarisatum.
vitrĭolātum.	vitriolatum.
Tinctūra amāra.	Tinctura gentianæ composita.
aromatĭca.	cinnamōmi compŏsita.
cortĭcis Peruviānī.	cinchonæ.
fœtĭda.	asæ fœtidæ.

Tinctūra

Tinctūra florum martiālĭum. *L.*	Tinctura ferri ammoniacalis.
guaiăcĭna volatĭlis.	guaiaci ammoniata.
hellĕbŏri albi. *E.*	veratri.
Japonĭca.	catechu.
Martis in ſpirĭtu ſalis.	ferri muriati.
melampodĭi.	hellebori nigri.
rhabarbări ſpirituōſa.	rhabarbari.
rhabarbări vinōſa.	Vinum rhabarbari.
rosārum.	Infuſum roſæ.
ſacra.	Vinum aloës.
ſtomachĭca.	Tinctura cardamomi compoſita.
Thebaïca.	opii.
valeriānæ volatĭlis.	valerianæ ammoniata.
Trŏchīſci bechĭci albi.	Trochiſci amyli.
bechĭci nigri.	glycyrrhizæ.
bechĭci cum opĭo. *E.*	glycyrrhizæ cum opio.
Turpēthum minerāle.	Hydrargyrus vitriolatus.

U.

Unguentum album.	Unguentum ceræ.
baſilĭcum flavum.	reſinæ flavæ.
cœrŭlĕum fortĭus.	hydrargyri fortius.

Unguentum

Unguentum cœrŭlĕum	Unguentum hydrargyri
mitĭus.	mitius.
citrĭnum.	hydrargyri nitrati.
e gummi elĕmi.	elemi compositum.
e mercurĭo præcipitāto. *L.*	calcis hydrargyri albæ.
Saturnīnum.	ceruſſæ acetatæ.
ſimplex.	adipis ſuillæ.
ad veſīcatorĭa.	cantharidis.

V.

Vinum antimoniāle.	Vinum antimonii.
chalybeātum. *L.*	ferri.
Vitrĭŏlum album.	Zincum vitriolatum.
cœrŭlĕum.	Cuprum vitriolatum.

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AN

EXPERIMENTAL INQUIRY

INTO THE

CONSTITUENT PRINCIPLES

OF THE

SULPHUREOUS WATER

AT

NOTTINGTON, near WEYMOUTH;

TOGETHER WITH

OBSERVATIONS relative to its APPLICATION in the CURE of DISEASES.